## **Legislative Audit Division**



State of Montana

Report to the Legislature

December 1995

## **Financial Audit**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995

## **State of Montana**

**General Purpose Financial Statements** 

We issued an unqualified opinion on the General Purpose Financial Statements of the State of Montana, which were prepared by the Department of Administration's Accounting and Management Support Division.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Legislative Audit Division Room 135, State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

#### FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Legislative Audit Division to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations which could have a significant financial impact. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States General Accounting Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

The Single Audit Act of 1984 and OMB Circular A-128 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports regarding the state's federal financial assistance programs, including all findings of noncompliance and questioned costs. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with the Single Audit Act of 1984 or OMB Circular A-128 and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Legislative Audit Division issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the reporting requirements listed above. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1993 has been issued. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

Legislative Audit Division Room 135 State Capitol PO Box 201705 Helena MT 59620-1705

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Representative Bob Keenan Representative Robert Pavlovich Representative Bruce Simon





December 1995

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This financial audit report contains our independent auditor's report on the general purpose financial statements of the state of Montana for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1995. We performed the audit solely to express an opinion on the state's general purpose financial statements. Any findings disclosed by our audit were discussed with appropriate management personnel and will be reported as part of our scheduled biennial audits of state agencies.

All members of the financial-compliance audit staff contributed to this audit. We thank the director of the Department of Administration and her staff for their cooperation and assistance throughout the audit.

Respectfully submitted

cott A. Seacat

Legislative Auditor

## Legislative Audit Division Financial Audit

Financial Audit
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995

## **State of Montana**

**General Purpose Financial Statements** 

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Report & General
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### **Elected and Administrative Officials**

**State of Montana** 

Marc Racicot, Governor

Department of Administration

Lois Menzies, Director

Connie L. Griffith, Administrator Accounting and Management Support Division

Scott A. Seacat, Legislative Auditor

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the state of Montana, as of June 30, 1995, and for the year then ended, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the state of Montana's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Montana State Lottery, which statements reflect total operating revenues, expenditures, and transfers-out of 32.8 percent, 33.2 percent, and 35.8 percent, respectively, in the Enterprise Fund. These statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Montana State Lottery is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditor provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the state of Montana, as of June 30, 1995, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary and nonexpendable trust fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Respectfully submitted

James Gillett, CPA

Deputy Legislative Auditor

October 18, 1995

#### STATE OF MONTANA **Combined Balance Sheet**

All Fund Types, Account Groups and Discretely Presented Component Units

June 30, 1995

**PROPRIETARY GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FUND TYPES** (Expressed in Thousands) CAPITAL INTERNAL **SPECIAL** DEBT **ASSETS/OTHER DEBITS** GENERAL REVENUE SERVICE PROJECTS ENTERPRISE SERVICE Assets: 37,435 \$ 202,478 \$ 38,204 \$ 32,598 17,879 \$ 29.935 Cash/Cash Equivalents (Note 4) Receivables (Net of Uncollectibles) 71,111 51,330 6,183 126 6,541 75 38.170 Interfund Loans Receivable (Note 13) 11.269 Due from Other Governments 3,404 133.395 10 Due from Primary Government (Note 13) Due from Component Units (Note 13) 422 361 10 5 823 67.696 193 188 4.469 35,073 Due from Other Funds (Note 13) 83 Inventories 1,919 24,000 9,582 1,572 Equity in Pooled Investments (Note 4) 3 Long-Term Loans/Notes Receivable 27,032 33,554 29,110 1,185 Advances to Other Funds (Note 13) 210 Investments (Note 4) 14,115 1,671 12,661 25,120 Land 800 236 4,404 83 Buildings/Improvements 5 495 125 252 Equipment Other Fixed Assets 246 302 Construction in Progress 146 Accumulated Depreciation (5.549)(71,192)Intangible Assets 72 35 **Deferred Charges** 1,083 Other Assets 1,114 1,148 3,486 202 Other Debits: Amount Available - Debt Service Funds Resources to be Provided in Future Years TOTAL ASSETS/OTHER DEBITS 162,932 \$ 559,935 \$ 79,705 \$ 32,924 86,224 \$ 117,710 LIABILITIES/EQUITY/OTHER CREDITS Liabilities: Accounts Payable 65,951 \$ 100,243 \$ 3,721 \$ 2,934 \$ 3,970 \$ 3,629 Lottery Prizes Payable 2.142 Tax Refund Payable 21,484 Interfund Loans Payable (Note 13) 46,491 75 345 Advances from Other Funds (Note 13) 70 1.415 Due to Other Governments 3,334 30,348 1 Due to Primary Government (Note 13) Due to Component Units (Note 13) 162 28,284 160 15 Due to Other Funds (Note 13) 4,503 2,028 22.846 73,193 3.184 85 2,745 Deferred Revenue 13,180 30,370 732 48 Lease/Installment Purchase Payable (Note 11) 56 1,056 39,217 Bonds/Notes Payable (Net) (Note 12) 97 Property Held in Trust 538 1.575 2.101 Compensated Absences Payable (Note 1) 882 2.537 Estimated Insurance Claims (Note 9) 1,682 29,289 Arbitrage Rebate Tax Payable 370 Other Liabilities 19 57,814 39,044 **Total Liabilities** 127,496 311,938 7,637 3,179 Equity/Other Credits: Investment in General Fixed/Plant Assets Contributed Capital (Note 17) 3.490 5,343 Retained Earnings: Reserved for Debt Service 24.920 73,323 Unreserved Fund Balances: Reserved for Encumbrances 6,805 37,094 Reserved for Inventories 1.919 24,000 Reserved for Advances to Other Funds (Note 13) 1.185 210 Reserved for Long-Term Loans 25,728 Reserved for Debt Service 72,068 Reserved for Trusts/Endowments (Note 15) 8.000 Reserved for Construction Reserved for Retirement Systems Unreserved, undesignated 25,527 152,965 29,744 35,436 72.068 29,745 28.410 78,666 Total Equity/Other Credits 247.997 TOTAL LIABILITIES/EQUITY/OTHER CREDITS 162,932 \$ 559,935 \$ 79,705 \$ 32,924 86,224 \$

	FIDUCIARY UND TYPES	A.C.	COLIN	T GROUPS		COM	PONENT UNIT	·e	
TRUST		GENERAL GENERAL FIXED LONG-TERM				ROPRIETARY	PENSION TRUST	HIGHER EDUCATION	
	AGENCY	ASSE		OBLIGATIONS		TYPES	FUND	FUNDS	
•	500 470	•	- \$		•	E4 0E7 ¢	E4 204 6	86,036	
\$	582,476	\$	- ⊅	-	\$	51,257 \$ 29,639	54,384 \$ 18,221	34,699	
	103,921		-	-		29,039	10,221		
	108		-	-		•	-	1,800	
	52		-	-		27.645	27	3,322 1,537	
	1 252		-	-		27,615	21	1,557	
	1,353		-	-		2,150	569	16,367	
	30,713		-	-		73	309	3,744	
	1,534,162		-	-		-	927,871	332	
	98,484		-	-		341,797	903	26	
	113		_	-		041,737	-	20	
	1,017,281		_	_		584,093	65,215	31,149	
	49,424	57,8	826	-		504,055	35	12,397	
	277	250,8		_			158	298,232	
	105	92,4		_		3,468	170	118,729	
	103	44,3		-		3,400	170	70,549	
	-		257	-		•	-	51,579	
	(104)	7,4	237	-		(1.240)		31,379	
	(184)		-	-		(1,240)	(191) 125	2,357	
	3		-	-		1,482 9,793	125		
	6 907		-	-		1,718	•	1,133 3,793	
	6,807		-	-		1,710	•	3,793	
			-	72,068		-	-	-	
	-			233,032					
\$	3,425,095	\$ 452,7	763 \$	305,100	\$	1,051,845 \$	1,067,487 \$	737,781	
\$	5 217	\$	- \$		\$	6,773 \$	175 \$	22,796	
Φ	5,317	Φ	- φ		Ψ	0,773 \$	1/5 4	22,790	
	•		-	-		-	-	_	
	2,711		-	-		-		1,800	
	23		_					1,000	
	205,024						3	673	
	200,024					1,052	30	1,892	
	558					1,002	-	1,002	
	34,314		_			2,089	_	15,259	
	55					21,749	_	10,608	
	-			1,248		21,740	87	2,247	
			_	262,967		589,256	-	117,741	
	509,817		-	202,907		1,835	46	4,333	
	85		-	40,850		751	35	24,231	
	65		-	40,650		691,586	33	24,201	
	-		-	35		209	-		
	3,867		-	35		209	-		
_	761,771		÷	305,100		1,315,300	376	201,580	
	701,771			000,100		1,010,000		201,000	
		450	762					AEE 142	
	-	452,	163			44.504	-	455,143	
	-		-	-		11,584	-	-	
	_		_	_		94,082	_		
			_			(369,121)			
	-		_	_		(000,121)			
	_			_			_	1,681	
				_		_	_	1,001	
	23			_		_			
	3,505		_	_			_	_	
	5,000					_	_	593	
	1,016,950					-	-	28,552	
	1,010,000						_	14,530	
	1,530,754			-			1,067,111	1-4,000	
	112,092						.,557,111	35,702	
_	2,663,324	452,	763			(263,455)	1,067,111	536,201	
	_,,								
\$	3,425,095	\$ 452,	763 \$	305,100	\$_	1,051,845 \$	1,067,487 \$	737,781	

## STATE OF MONTANA Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)	G0	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES					
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	EXPENDABLE TRUST		
REVENUES:	OLIVERAL	KEVEIVOE	OLIVIOL	11002010	111001		
Licenses/Permits	\$ 24,323 \$	81,786	- 5	-	\$ -		
Taxes:							
Natural Resource	22,764	39,943	404	-	•		
Individual Income	340,665 57,918	1,378 11,591	32,910 6,011	-	-		
Corporate Income Property	37,918	211,425	0,011	-			
Fuel	-	162,871	-				
Payroll		48,583	_		_		
Other (Note 1)	62,970	68,004	10,668	2,394			
Charges for Services/Fines/Forfeits	32,125	36,332	810	514	135		
Investment Earnings	16,588	7,367	4,854	458	8,998		
Sale of Documents/Mdse./Property	361	16,735	1,891	-	-		
Rentals/Leases/Royalties	94	86	-	-	11		
Contributions/Premiums	•	3,773	-	-	58,337		
Grants/Contracts/Donations	1	8,447	-	-	365		
Federal	242	714,190	197	-	6,381		
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	562	2,040	-	-	-		
Other Revenues	274	861	-	-	1,243		
Total Revenues		1,415,412	57,745	2 266	75,470		
Intrafund Revenues	558,917 (117)	(12,205)	(130)	3,366	75,470		
initiating Nevenues	(117)	(12,200)	(130)	-			
Net Revenues	558,800	1,403,207	57,615	3,366	75,470		
EVENINITURES							
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General Government	00.000	50.676	47	24			
Public Safety/Corrections	83,826 51,199	56,676 67,469	47	24	-		
Transportation	157	297,551	-	-	-		
Health/Social Services	198,681	474,649	-	-	-		
Education/Cultural	61,429	430,115	_	_	109		
Resource Development/Recreation	33,729	59,492	34	54	31		
Economic Development/Assistance	2,413	98,035	-	-	61,771		
Debt Service:	_,	,			,		
Principal Retirement	357	350	66,752	-	-		
Interest/Fiscal Charges	2,619	480	15,823	10	-		
Capital Outlay	4,444	32,102	17	35,160	129		
Total Evpanditures	420.054	1 516 010	92.672	25 249	62.040		
Total Expenditures Intrafund Expenditures	438,854 (117)	1,516,919 (12,205)	82,673 (130)	35,248	62,040		
initiaturia Experiolitures	(117)	(12,203)	(130)	-	-		
Net Expenditures	438,737	1,504,714	82,543	35,248	62,040		
Excess of Rev. Over (Under) Expend.	120.063	(101,507)	(24,928)	(31,882)	13,430		
Expend.	120,000	(101,007)	(24,020)	(01,002)	10,400		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Loan Proceeds	-	3,545	-	-	-		
Bond Proceeds	501	2,350	-	32,455			
Inception of Lease/Installment Contract	577	5	-	-	60		
General Fixed Asset Sale Proceeds	104	30					
Operating Transfers In (Note 13)	91,525	174,485	75,301	3,179			
Transfers from Component Units (Note 13)	(400.005)	986	317	(4.070)	- (4.407)		
Operating Transfers Out (Note 13)	(122,005)	(63,896)	(49,915)	(1,370)	(1,437)		
Transfers to Component Units (Note 13)	(96,352)	(65,254)	•	-	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(125,650)	52,251	25,703	34,264	(1,377)		
Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures/Other Uses	(5,587)	(49,256)	775	2,382	12,053		
FUND DALANCEO HUVA B- 1 - 1 - 1			70.000				
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 - as Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)	40,414 (225)	296,253 205	70,378 (4)	27,391 -	103,278 221		
				07.004			
FUND BALANCES - July 1 - As Restated	40,189	296,458	70,374	27,391	103,499		
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories	(250)	2,397	-	-			
Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)	1,084	(1,602)	919	(28)	68		
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 35,436 \$	247,997	72,068	\$ 29,745	\$ 115,620		
	<del>-</del> 00,100 (	277,007		20,7 70	110,020		

# STATE OF MONTANA Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Reconciliation of Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) to GAAP Basis - Unreserved Fund Balance General and Special Revenue Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995

Revenues	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)		GENERAL F	UND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
Licenselpement		BUDGET	ACTUAL	<b>FAVORABLE</b>	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
Taxes: Natural Resource				•				
Natural Resource		\$ 22,313 \$	24,323	\$ 2,010	\$ 75,773 \$	81,786	\$ 6,013	
Individual Income		24 115	22.764	(1.351)	42.073	30 043	(2,130)	
Corporate Income		,		, , ,		,	1,364	
Property   360				,			3,265	
Fuel	·						65,312	
Payroll		-	-	-		,	(7,347)	
Charges for Services/Fines/Forfeits   21,535   32,125   10,990   36,739   36,338   7,987   36,381   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   38,801   10,000   10,735   30,801   10,735   30,801   10,735   30,801   10,735   30,801   10,735   30,801   10,735   30,801   30	Payroll	-	-		41,090	48,583	7,493	
Investment Earnings	Other	,	,	,			1,818	
Sale of Documents/Merchandise/Property   258   361   103   26.490   16.735   (5 Rentals/Lases/Royallies   70   94   24   119   86   Contributions/Premiums   7   9   24   119   86   3.773   3.586   3.773   3.786   3.786   3.787   3.786						,	53	
Rentals   Rentals   Research Qualities   Rentals   Rentals   Research Qualities   Rentals   Re							3,129	
Confributions/Fremiums							(9,755)	
Grants/Contracts/Donations							(33) 187	
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		-					(1,097)	
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries   28   562   534   1.650   2.040   1.001		200					(58,704)	
Ditan Revenues					•		390	
EVENDITURES:   Current					,		(166)	
Current   General Government   87,307   83,440   3,867   94,883   57,546   37   Public Safety/Corrections   51,775   50,840   935   75,791   67,554   26   75,791   75,901	Total Revenues	503,774	558,917	55,143	1,405,620	1,415,412	9,792	
General Government								
Public Safety/Corrections		07.007	00 440	2 207	04 000	57 E 40	37,337	
Transportation							8,237	
Healmin Social Services							24,527	
Education/Cultural Resource Development/Recreation   \$3,898   \$3,687   \$30   \$98,353   \$2,322   \$38   Economic Development/Assistance   \$2,475   \$2,425   \$50   \$117,065   \$106,275   \$100					. ,		32,800	
Economic Development/Assistance   2,475   2,425   50   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065   106,275   117,065				,			8,799	
Debt Service:   Principal Retirement   350   350   - 343   343   343   Interest/Fiscal Charges   2,619   2,619   - 480   480   480   Capital Outlays   4,691   4,691   - 32,657   32,473   Total Expenditures   445,100   437,246   7,854   1,690,461   1,531,756   158   25	Resource Development/Recreation	33,989	33,687	302	98,353	62,322	36,031	
Interest/Fiscal Charges		2,475	2,425	50	117,065	106,275	10,790	
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures         4,691 (45,100) (437,246) (7,854) (1,690,461) (1,531,756) (158         158           Excess of Rev. Over (Under) Expend.         58,674 (121,671) (62,997) (284,841) (116,344) (116,344) (16,344		350	350	-	343	343	-	
Total Expenditures				-				
Excess of Rev. Over (Under) Expend.   58,674   121,671   62,997   (284,841)   (116,344)   168				7.054			184	
Common   C	•						158,705	
Loan Proceeds	Excess of Rev. Over (Under) Expend.	58,674	121,671	62,997	(284,841)	(116,344)	168,497	
Bond Proceeds								
General Fixed Asset Sale Proceeds		-			,	,	(1,515)	
Operating Transfers In Transfers from Component Units         107,409         91,203         (16,206)         253,878         230,942         (22 Transfers from Component Units         1 - 1 - 1 - 987         91,746         15         15         26         68,049         16,315         107,527         91,746         15         15         28         22         22         22         12,758		-			•		-	
Transfers from Component Units         -         -         987         987           Operating Transfers Out         (155,842)         (123,832)         32,010         (89,516)         (80,859)         8           Transfers to Component Units         (96,352)         (96,352)         -         (65,254)         (65,254)         (15           Total Other Financings Sources (Uses)         (144,691)         (128,376)         16,315         107,527         91,746         (15           Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses         (86,017)         (6,705)         79,312         (177,314)         (24,598)         152           RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY/GAAP REPORTING:         -         (722)         (722)         -         14,156         14           1. Adjust expenditures for encumbrances.         -         (722)         (722)         -         14,156         14           2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/other or appropriated loans/other for appropriated loans/other for appropriated loans/other servers in the properties of a server of the properties of t							13 (22,936)	
Operating Transfers Out         (155,842)         (123,832)         32,010         (89,16)         (80,859)         8           Transfers to Component Units         (96,352)         (96,352)         - (65,254)         (65,254)         (65,254)         (15           Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (Budgetary Basis)         (86,017)         (6,705)         79,312         (177,314)         (24,598)         152           RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY/GAAP REPORTING:           1. Adjust expenditures for encumbrances         - (722)         (722)         - 14,156         14           2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity.         - 1,840         1,840         - (38,814)         (38,814)		107,409	91,203	(10,200)	•		(22,930)	
Transfers to Component Units		(155 842)	(123 832)	32 010			8,657	
Total Other Financings Sources (Uses)		, ,	, ,	-	, , ,	, , ,	-	
(Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (Budgetary Basis) (86,017) (6,705) 79,312 (177,314) (24,598) 152  RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY/GAAP REPORTING:  1. Adjust expenditures for encumbrances (722) (722) - 14,156 14 2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity 1,840 1,840 - (38,814) (38 3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In - (367) (367) - (64,741) (64 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out - 367 367 367 - 64,741 64  Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (GAAP Basis) (86,017) (5,587) 80,430 (177,314) (49,256) 128  UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 32,592 32,592 - 221,307 221,307  Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13) 1,084 1,084 - (1,602) (1,602)  Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3) - (225) (225) - 205  Decrease (Increase):  Encumbrances Reserve - (1,288) (1,288) - (7,569) (7,5			<del></del>	16,315			(15,781)	
Budgetary Basis   (86,017) (6,705)   79,312 (177,314) (24,598)   152								
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY/GAAP REPORTING:  1. Adjust expenditures for encumbrances. 2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity. 3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 5. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 6. Intraf		(00.047)	(6.705)	70.040	(477.04.4)	(04 500)	152,716	
1. Adjust expenditures for encumbrances. 2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity. 3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 5. Sexcess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (GAAP Basis)  UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13) Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3) Decrease (Increase): Encumbrances Reserve Advances to Other Funds Reserve Advances to Other Funds Reserve Cityle 15 Cityle 15 Cityle 15 Cityle 16 Cityle 16 Cityle 16 Cityle 17	(Budgetary Basis)	(86,017)	(6,705)	79,312	(177,314)	, (24,598)	152,716	
2. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity. 3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 5. Adjustments for appropriated loans/ other nonbudgeted activity. 5. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 5. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 6. Intrafund elimination - Intrafund elimination - Intrafund eliminat						44.450		
other nonbudgeted activity. 3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 5. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out 6. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Intrafund Intrafu		-	(722)	(722)	-	14,156	14,156	
3. Intrafund elimination - Transfers In - (367) (367) - (64,741) (64 4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out - 367 367 367 - 64,741 64  Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (GAAP Basis) (86,017) (5,587) 80,430 (177,314) (49,256) 128  UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 32,592 32,592 - 221,307 221,307  Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13) 1,084 1,084 - (1,602) (1,602) Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3) - (225) (225) - 205  Decrease (Increase):  Encumbrances Reserve - (1,288) (1,288) - (7,569) (7,569) Advances to Other Funds Reserve - (1,065) (1,065) - (190)  Long-Term Loans Reserve (Note 15) - 16 16 - (1,930) (1,500) (8,000) (8,000)			1 940	1 940		(38 814)	(38,814)	
4. Intrafund elimination - Transfers Out - 367 367 - 64,741 64  Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses (GAAP Basis) (86,017) (5,587) 80,430 (177,314) (49,256) 128  UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 32,592 32,592 - 221,307 221,307  Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13) 1,084 1,084 - (1,602) (1,602)  Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3) - (225) (225) - 205  Decrease (Increase):  Encumbrances Reserve - (1,288) (1,288) - (7,569) (7,609)  Advances to Other Funds Reserve - (1,065) (1,065) - (190)  Long-Term Loans Reserve (Note 15) (8,000) (8,000)		-					(64,741)	
(Under) Expenditures/Other Uses     (86,017)     (5,587)     80,430     (177,314)     (49,256)     128       UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1     32,592     32,592     -     221,307     221,307       Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)     1,084     1,084     -     (1,602)     (1,602)       Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)     -     (225)     (225)     -     205       Decrease (Increase):     Encumbrances Reserve     -     (1,288)     -     (7,569)     (7       Advances to Other Funds Reserve     -     (1,065)     (1,065)     -     (1900)       Long-Term Loans Reserve     -     16     16     -     (1,930)     (1       Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)     -     -     -     -     (8,000)     (8		-			-		64,741	
(Under) Expenditures/Other Uses     (86,017)     (5,587)     80,430     (177,314)     (49,256)     128       UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1     32,592     32,592     -     221,307     221,307       Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)     1,084     1,084     -     (1,602)     (1,602)       Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)     -     (225)     (225)     -     205       Decrease (Increase):     Encumbrances Reserve     -     (1,288)     -     (7,569)     (7       Advances to Other Funds Reserve     -     (1,065)     (1,065)     -     (1900)       Long-Term Loans Reserve     -     16     16     -     (1,930)     (1       Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)     -     -     -     -     (8,000)     (8	Evenes of Boyenuss/Other Sources Over							
(GAAP Basis)         (86,017)         (5,587)         80,430         (177,314)         (49,256)         128           UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JULY 1         32,592         32,592         -         221,307         221,307         Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)         1,084         1,084         -         (1,602)         (1,602)         -         205         Decrease (Increase):         -         (225)         (225)         -         205         Decrease (Increase):         -         -         (1,288)         -         (7,569)         (7         609)         (7         Advances to Other Funds Reserve         -         (1,065)         (1,065)         -         (190)         -         1009         -         -         -         -         -         (1,930)         (1         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)       1,084       1,084       - (1,602)       (1,602)         Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)       - (225)       (225)       - 205         Decrease (Increase):       - (1,288)       (1,288)       - (7,569)       (7         Encumbrances Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Advances to Other Funds Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Long-Term Loans Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       (8,000)       (8		(86,017)	(5,587)	80,430	(177,314)	(49,256)	128,058	
Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)       1,084       1,084       - (1,602)       (1,602)         Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)       - (225)       (225)       - 205         Decrease (Increase):       - (1,288)       (1,288)       - (7,569)       (7,569)         Encumbrances Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Advances to Other Funds Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Long-Term Loans Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       (8,000)       (8	•	•	•					
Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)       - (225)       (225)       - 205         Decrease (Increase):       - (1,288)       (1,288)       - (7,569)       (7,569)         Encumbrances Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Advances to Other Funds Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Long-Term Loans Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       (8,000)       (8				-			-	
Decrease (Increase):       - (1,288)       (1,288)       - (7,569)       (7         Encumbrances Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Advances to Other Funds Reserve       - (1,065)       (1,065)       - (190)         Long-Term Loans Reserve       - 16       16       - (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       (8,000)       (8		1,084		(005)	(1,602)		-	
Encumbrances Reserve       -       (1,288)       (1,288)       -       (7,569)       (7         Advances to Other Funds Reserve       -       (1,065)       (1,065)       -       (190)         Long-Term Loans Reserve       -       16       16       -       (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       -       -       -       -       (8,000)       (8		-	(225)	(225)	-	205	205	
Advances to Other Funds Reserve       -       (1,065)       (1,065)       -       (190)         Long-Term Loans Reserve       -       16       16       -       (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       -       -       -       -       (8,000)       (8		_	(1 288)	(1 288)	_	(7.569)	(7,569	
Long-Term Loans Reserve       -       16       16       -       (1,930)       (1         Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15)       -       -       -       -       (8,000)       (8					-	, , ,	(190	
Trusts/Endowments Reserve (Note 15) (8,000) (8		-			-		(1,930	
INDESEDVED FUND DALANCES HINE 20 \$ (52.241)\$ 25.527.\$ 77.969.\$ 42.201.\$ 152.065.\$ 146		-	-	-	-		(8,000)	
$\frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{22,341} \frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{42,341} \frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{42,341} \frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{42,341} \frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{42,341} \frac{11000}{4} \frac{11000}{42,341} $	UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ (52,341)\$	25,527	\$ 77,868	\$ 42,391	152,965	\$ 110,574	

STATE OF MONTANA
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings/Fund Balances
All Proprietary Fund Types, Similar Trust Funds and Discretely Presented Component Units
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995
(Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES		FIDUCIAR' FUND TYPE		COMPONENT UNITS		
	ENTERPRISE	INTERNAL	NONEXPENDABLE TRUST		PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES	PENSION TRUST FUND	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for Services	\$ 81,148		\$ 5,591 \$	-		-	
Investment Earnings	1,262	4,276	70,463	101,011	37,457	72,309	
Contributions/Premiums	2,043	68,372	-	103,620	153,761	76,983	
Grants/Contracts/Donations Taxes	12 10,259		23,836	-	-		
Rentals/Leases/Royalties	10,200	-	22,393	-		-	
Grants/Contracts/Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Operating Revenues	6,779	80	40	-	26,603	-	
Total Operating Revenues Intrafund Revenues	101,503 (1,001)	131,331	122,323	204,631 (29)	218,144	149,292	
Net Operating Revenues	100,502	131,330	122,323	204,602	218,144	149,292	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal Services	8,604	19,984		541	8,256	325	
Contractual Services	8,049	9,449	-	298	3.653	135	
Supplies/Materials	30,770	12,861	-	17	2,351	11	
Benefits	1,338	60,978	-	97,673	79,006	78,582	
Refunds	-		-	10,450	-	3,373	
Depreciation American	610	8,171	-	20	391	20	
Amortization Utilities/Rent	6 984	119 4,064	-	3 34	272 187	28 46	
Communications	1,000	8,513		48	503	36	
Travel	212	311	-	16	169	11	
Repair/Maintenance	415	4,304	-	3	157	16	
Lottery Prize Payments	16,152	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest Expense	2,876	142	-	-	42,087	8	
Arbitrage Rebate Tax Other Operating Expenses	78 3,268	1,217	34	117	126 3,059	9	
Total Operating Expenses Intrafund Expenses	74,362 (1,001)	130,113 (1)	34	109,220 (29)	140,217	82,600	
Net Operating Expenses	73,361	130,112	34	109,191	140,217	82,600	
Operating Income (Loss)	27,141	1,218	122,289	95,411	77,927	66,692	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Gain (Loss) Sale of Fixed Assets	(55)	616	-	(21)	(6)	-	
Increase (Decrease) Value of Livestock Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	13	2 470	-	-	•	-	
rederal indirect Cost Recoveries	-	3,479	-		-	-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(42)	4,095		(21)	(6)		
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	27,099	5,313	122,289	95,390	77,921	66,692	
Operating Transfers In (Note 13)	216	896	1,431	-	(10)	-	
Transfers from Primary Government (Note 13)	-	-	-	-	50,091	-	
Transfers from Component Units (Note 13)		-		-	-	-	
Operating Transfers Out (Note 13) Transfers to Primary Government (Note 13)	(24,003)	(51)	(87,578)		(1,303)	-	
Transfers to Filmary Government (Note 13)	-	-	-	-	(1,303)	•	
Net Income Before Cum Eff of Chg in Acctg Prin Cum Eff of Chg in Acctg Prin	3,312	6,158	36,142	95,390 (1,417)	126,699	66,692 755	
Net Income (loss)	3,312	6,158	36,142	93,973	126,699	67,447	
DETAINED EADNINGS/EURD DALANGES 19414							
RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND BALANCES - July 1 As Previously Reported	21,933	66,474	980,815	1,436,775	(401,727)	999,664	
Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)	97	710	(7)	6	(11)	-	
RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND BALANCES - July 1	00.000	67.494	000 000	1 426 704	(404 700)	000.001	
As Restated	22,030	67,184	980,808	1,436,781	(401,738)	999,664	
Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)	(422)	(19)	-	-	-	-	
RETAINED EARNINGS/FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 24,920	\$ 73,323	\$ 1,016,950 \$	1,530,754	\$ (275,039)\$	1,067,111	

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# STATE OF MONTANA Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types, Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Discretely Presented Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

		PROPRIET		_	COMPONENT UNITS
	EN	TERPRISE	INTERNAL SERVICE	NONEXPENDABLE TRUST	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Receipts from Sales and Services Collections of Principal	\$	83,033 \$	126,904 \$	5,514 \$	181,641
and Interest on Loans		8,948	-		70,223
Cash Payments for Loans		(6,318)	-	-	(82,551)
Payments to Suppliers for					
Goods and Services		(43,674)	(43,532)	-	(8,917)
Payments to Employees		(8,454)	(19,737)	-	(8,051)
Grant Receipts		-	3,314	(00)	
Grant Payments Cash Payments for Claims		(1,304)	(58,614)	(22)	(99,899)
Collections of Notes Receivable		(1,304)	(30,014)		(26)
Cash Payments for Prizes		(16,368)	_		(20)
Transfers from Other Funds		-	97		
Scholarship/Fellowship Payments		-	-	(6)	-
Other Operating Revenues		3,696	29	39	1,591
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)					
Operating Activities		19,559	8,461	5,525	54,011
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Payment of Principal and					
Interest on Bonds and Notes		(8,961)	-		(125,377)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes		647	-	•	53,236
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs		-	-	40.000	(799)
Collection of Taxes Transfers to Other Funds		10,259	(51)	19,090	620
Transfers to Other Punds Transfers to Primary Government		(24,029)	(51)	(88,639)	638 (2,625)
Transfers from Other Funds		216	792	1,454	104
Transfers from Primary Government		210	702	1,404	40,717
Cash Payments for Loans		-	(30)	_	
Proceeds from Interfund Loans		(35)	360	-	-
Interfund Loan Payments		` -	(235)	(2,945)	-
Residual Equity Transfers to Other Funds		(422)	(19)		-
Contributed Capital Transfers					
from Other Funds		-	1,113	-	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)  Noncapital Financing Activities		(22,325)	1,930	(71,040)	(34,106)
		(22,020)	1,350	(71,040)	(34,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of Fixed Assets		(811)	(10,825)	_	(3,449)
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		81	980		434
Principal and Interest Payments		01	000		404
on Bonds and Notes		(7)	(1,294)		
Net Cash Used for Capital and					
Related Financing Activities		(737)	(11,139)	-	(3,015)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of Investments		(9,179)	(20,805)	(189,018)	(1,226,226)
Proceeds from Sales or					
Maturities of Investments		10,426	17,721	165,355	1,179,156
Interest and Dividends on Investments		859	2,461	73,027	34,751
Arbitrage Rebate Tax Collections of Principal on Loans		(3)	-	0.596	(187)
Cash Payments for Loans		-	-	9,586 (25,687)	-
Collection of Rents/Leases/Royalties			_	22,419	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)				22,770	
Investing Activities		2,103	(623)	55,682	(12,506)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents		(1,400)	(1,371)	(9,833)	4,384
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		19,279	31,306	74,377	46,873
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$	17,879 \$	29,935 \$	64,544 \$	51,257
	<u>*</u>	,0,0 4	υ	υ	01,201

		PROPRIET		_	COMPONENT UNITS
	EN.	TERPRISE	INTERNAL SERVICE	NONEXPENDABLE TRUST	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	27,141	1,218 \$	122,289 \$	77,927
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Depreciation		610	8,171	-	391
Amortization		6	119	(00.000)	272
Taxes		(10,259) 2,876	- 144	(23,836)	42,087
Interest Expense Interest on Investments		(1,262)	(2,598)	(70,463)	(37,456)
Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries		(1,202)	3,479	(70,400)	(07,400)
Arbitrage Rebate Tax		78	-	_	126
Operating Transfers in		-	97	-	•
Rentals/Leases/Royalties		-	-	(22,393)	-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decr (Incr) in Accounts Receivable		(448)	140	-	38,567
Decr (Incr) in Due From Other Governments		-	(5)	-	-
Decr (Incr) in Due From Other Funds		(26)	(604)	(77)	(454)
Decr (Incr) in Due From Primary Government		-	-	-	146
Decr (Incr) in Due From Component Units		1	(147)	•	- (00)
Decr (Incr) in Inventories		393	(1,261)	•	(39)
Decr (Incr) in Intangible Assets		(5) 135	-	-	(38,208)
Decr (Incr) in Long-term Loans/Notes Receivable Decr (Incr) in Other Assets		(235)	- 70	-	6,839
Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable		601	(1,739)	5	515
Incr (Decr) in Lottery Prizes Payable		52	( .,, ,	-	-
Incr (Decr) in Due to Other Funds		(13)	(1,148)	-	781
Incr (Decr) in Due to Other Governments		`(9)	-	-	-
Incr (Decr) in Due to Primary Government		-	-	-	(128)
Incr (Decr) in Due to Component Units		-	10	-	-
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Revenue		(136)	(74)	-	(2,351)
Incr (Decr) in Bonds/Notes Payable		(68)	(13)	-	-
Incr (Decr) in Property Held in Trust		6	(153)	-	(13,973)
Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable		115 6	203	•	92
Incr (Decr) in Estimated Insurance Claims		ь	2,552	•	(21,123)
Net Cash Provided by (Used For)					
Operating Activities	\$	19,559	\$ <u>8,461</u> \$	5,525 \$	54,011
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:					
Fixed Asset Acquisitions from Capital Leases	\$	56 \$	\$ 273 \$	- \$	-
Asset Acquisitions from Contributed		000	0.044		
Capital Transfers from Other Funds		238	2,211	-	-
Asset Disposals from Contributed Capital		-	(2,495)	-	-
Total Noncash Transactions	\$	294 3	\$ (11)\$	- \$	-
RECONCILIATION FOR NONEXPENDABLE TRUST:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30			5	64,544	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Expendable Trust, Pension Trust an	d Agency	1		517,932	
·	- 1		_	· 	
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Combined Balance Sheet, Trust	and Ager	псу	3	582,476	

STATE OF MONTANA Combining Balance Sheet Component Units - Proprietary Fund Types June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

		HOUSING UTHORITY	HEALTH FACILITIES AUTHORITY	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (NEW FUND)	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (OLD FUND)	TOTALS
ASSETS:						
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	3,112	\$ 391	\$ 40,767	\$ 6,987 \$	51,257
Receivables (Net)		4,660	108	24,566	305	29,639
Due from Primary Government (Note 13)		1	-	10	27,604	27,615
Due from Other Funds (Note 13)		•	-	2,042	108	2,150
Inventories		-	-	73	•	73
Long-Term Loans/Notes Receivable		341,501	296	-		341,797
Investments (Note 4)		154,542	200	418,542	10,809	584,093
Equipment		222	13	3,233		3,468
Accumulated Depreciation		(149)	(9)	(1,082)		(1,240)
Intangible Assets		10	-	1,472		1,482
Deferred Charges		6,006	-		3,787	9,793
Other Assets		29	•	1,625	64	1,718
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	509,934	\$ 999	\$ 491,248	\$ 49,664 \$	1,051,845
LIABILITIES/FUND EQUITY: Liabilities: Accounts Payable	s	5.395	\$ 2 5	\$ 579 :	\$ 797 <b>\$</b>	6.773
Due to Primary Government (Note 13)	Ð	40	5	893	114	1,052
Due to Other Funds (Note 13)		6	3	109	1,974	2.089
Deferred Revenue			1	21,748	1,574	21,749
Bonds/Notes Payable (Net) (Note 12)		424,427		21,740	164,829	589,256
Property Held in Trust		727,721	-	1.835	104,023	1,835
Compensated Absences Payable		28	18	650	55	751
Estimated Insurance Claims (Note 9)		-	- 10	395,837	295,749	691,586
Arbitrage Rebate Tax Payable		125	•	-	84	209
Total Liabilities		430,021	26	421,651	463,602	1,315,300
Fund Equity:						
Contributed Capital (Note 17) Retained Earnings:		•	-	11,584	-	11,584
Reserved for Debt Service (Note 15)		79,913	-		14,169	94.082
Unreserved		•	973	58,013	(428,107)	(369,121)
Total Fund Equity		79,913	973	69,597	(413,938)	(263,455)
TOTAL LIABILITIES/FUND EQUITY	\$	509,934	999 \$	491,248	49,664 \$	1,051,845

STATE OF MONTANA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings
Component Units - Proprietary Fund Types
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995
(Expressed in Thousands)

		OUSING ITHORITY	HEALTH FACILITIES AUTHORITY	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (NEW FUND)	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (OLD FUND)	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$	81 \$	212 \$	30 \$	- \$	323
Investment Earnings	Ψ	12,523	40	23,963	931	37,457
Contributions/Premiums			-	152,834	927	153,761
Other Operating Revenues		26,367	28	205	3	26,603
Total Operating Revenues		38,971	280	177,032	1,861	218,144
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personal Services		385	55	6,759	1,057	8,256
Contractual Services		379	47	2,903	324	3,653
Supplies/Materials		20	4	2,293	34	2,351
Benefits		-	-	99,986	(20,980)	79,006
Depreciation		18	1	372	-	391
Amortization Utilities/Rent		10 31	-	262	-	272
Communications		28	4	140 409	16 62	187 503
Travel		27	11	121	10	169
Repair/Maintenance		38		107	12	157
Interest Expense		31,434	_	-	10,653	42,087
Arbitrage Rebate Tax		77	-	-	49	126
Other Operating Expenses		1,220	12	(119)	1,946	3,059
Total Operating Expenses		33,667	134	113,233	(6,817)	140,217
Operating Income (Loss)		5,304	146	63,799	8,678	77,927
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Gain (Loss) Sale of Fixed Assets		(1)	-	(5)	-	(6)
Transfers from Primary Government (Note 13)		-	-		50,091	50,091
Transfers to Primary Government (Note 13)		•	-	-	(1,303)	(1,303)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(1)		(5)	48,788	48,782
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers		5,303	146	63,794	57,466	126,709
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-	(10)	(10)
Net Income (Loss)		5,303	146	63,794	57,456	126,699
RETAINED EARNINGS - JULY 1 - As Previously Reported		74,610	827	(5,770)	(471,394)	(401,727)
Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)		-	-	(11)		(11)
RETAINED EARNINGS - JULY 1- As Restated		74,610	827	(5,781)	(471,394)	(401,738)
RETAINED EARNINGS - JUNE 30	\$	79,913 \$	973 \$	58,013 \$	(413,938)\$	(275,039)

STATE OF MONTANA Combining Statement of Cash Flows Component Units - Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

	HOUSIN AUTHOR		HEALTH FACILITIES AUTHORITY	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (NEW FUND)	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (OLD FUND)	TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from Sales and Services	\$	64 \$	229 \$	181,277 \$	71 \$	181,641
Collections of Principal						
and Interest on Loans	70,		96	-	-	70,223
Cash Payments for Loans	(82,	164)	(387)	=	-	(82,551)
Payments to Suppliers						
for Goods and Services	• •	878)	(82)	(6,111)	(846)	(8,917)
Payments to Employees	(;	393)	(52)	(6,602)	(1,004)	(8,051)
Cash Payments for Claims		-	-	(77,185)	(22,714)	(99,899)
Collection of Notes Receivable		-	-	-	(26)	(26)
Other Operating Revenues	1.3	382	-	205	4	1,591
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	,					•
Operating Activities	(12,8	862)	(196)	91,584	(24,515)	54,011
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payment of Principal and						
Interest on Bonds and Notes	(112,	716)	-	-	(12,661)	(125,377)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes	53,		-	-	-	53,236
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs	(7	799)	-	-	-	(799)
Transfers to Other Funds	•	-	-	-	638	638
Transfers from Other Funds		-	-	-	104	104
Transfers to Primary Government		-	-	-	(2,625)	(2,625)
Transfers from Primary Government		-	-	-	40,717	40,717
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	-					
Noncapital Financing Activities	(60,2	279)	-		26,173	(34,106)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of Fixed Assets		(53)	-	(3,396)	-	(3,449)
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets		-	-	434	-	434
Net Cash Used for Capital and		(= a)		(0.000)		(0.045)
Related Financing Activities		(53)	-	(2,962)	-	(3,015)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchase of Investments	(993,	190)	(200)	(231,745)	(1,091)	(1,226,226)
Proceeds from Sales or						
Maturities of Investments	1,055,		200	122,210	1,032	1,179,156
Interest and Dividends on Investments	11,		36	22,357	973	34,751
Arbitrage Rebate Tax	('	187)	-	-	-	(187)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	73,	722	36	(87,178)	914	(12,506)
Investing Activities		122	30	(07,170)	914	(12,500)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents	;	528	(160)	1,444	2,572	4,384
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	2,9	584	551	39,323	4,415	46,873
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 3,	112 \$	391 \$	40,767 \$	6,987 \$	51,257

	HOUSING AUTHORITY	HEALTH FACILITIES AUTHORITY	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (NEW FUND)	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (OLD FUND)	TOTALS
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 5,304	146 \$	63,799 \$	8,678 \$	77,927
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		·			
Depreciation	18	1	372	-	391
Amortization	10	-	262	-	272
Interest Expense	31,434	-	-	10,653	42,087
Interest on Investments	(12,522)	(40)	(23,963)	(931)	(37,456)
Arbitrage Rebate Tax	77		-	49	126
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decr (Incr) in Accounts Receivable	920	(86)	37,643	90	38,567
Decr (Incr) in Due From Other Funds	-	-	(347)	(107)	(454)
Decr (Incr) in Due From Primary Government	-	-	146	-	146
Decr (Incr) in Inventories	-	-	(39)	-	(39)
Decr (Incr) in Long-Term Loans/Notes Receivable	(37,993)	(215)	-	-	(38,208)
Decr (Incr) in Other Assets	(27)	1	6,929	(64)	6,839
Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable	(4)	2	474	43	515
Incr (Decr) in Due to Other Funds	-	(1)	109	673	781
Incr (Decr) in Due to Primary Government	(54)	(5)	(183)	114	(128)
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Revenue	(9)	-	(2,342)	-	(2,351)
Incr (Decr) in Property Held in Trust	=	-	(13,973)	-	(13,973)
Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable	(16)	1	83	24	92
Incr (Decr) in Estimated Insurance Claims	-	-	22,614	(43,737)	(21,123)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)					
Operating Activities	\$ (12,862)	\$ (196)\$	91,584 \$	(24,515)\$	54,011

STATE OF MONTANA Combining Balance Sheet Component Units - All Higher Education Funds June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

				CUF	RENT FUND	S	
			UNF	RESTRICTE	D		
		SENERAL PERATING	DES	SIGNATED	AUXILIARY	,	RESTRICTED
ASSETS:							
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$	13,446	\$	17,458	\$ 10,058	\$	3,079
Receivables (Net)	•	2,030	•	371	747	•	6,818
Interfund Loans Receivable (Note 13)		300		1,500	-		-,
Due from Other Governments		3		3	-		3,316
Due from Primary Government (Note 13)		13		108	222		735
Due from Other Funds (Note 13)		4.989		3,892	843		332
Inventories		81		1,489	2,174		002
Equity in Pooled Investments		01		1,403	2,174		-
Long-Term Notes/Loans Receivable		•		-	-		-
Investments (Note 4)		-		-	-		-
				-	-		-
Land		-		-	-		-
Buildings/Improvements		-		-	-		-
Equipment		-		-	-		-
Other Fixed Assets		-		-	-		-
Construction in Progress		-		-	-		-
Intangible Assets		-		-	-		-
Deferred Charges		-		-	-		-
Other Assets		2,172		1,052	21		226
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,034	\$	25,873	\$ 14,065	\$	14,506
LIABILITIES/FUND BALANCES:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	10,652	\$	3,039	\$ 1,366	\$	2,601
Interfund Loans Payable (Note 13)	*		*	-	- 1,000	*	1,800
Due to Other Governments		271		14			80
Due to Primary Government (Note 13)		677		338	25		22
Due to Other Funds (Note 13)		3,892		2,902	1,880		3,557
Deferred Revenue		4,037		1,719	726		3,957
Lease/Installment Purchase Payable (Note 11)				,	720		3,937
Bonds/Notes Payable (Note 12)		201		- 0			-
				8	4		
Property Held in Trust		149		17	359		4
Compensated Absences Payable (Note 1)		18,673		3,940	1,508		110
Total Liabilities		38,552		11,977	5,868		12,131
Fund Balances:							
Net Investment in Plant							
Reserved For:				-			
Encumbrances		1,544		42			24
Debt Service		1,044		42			24
Student Loans/Endowments		-					-
		-		-			-
Construction Unreserved		(47.000)		42.054	0.407		0.054
Onleserved		(17,062)		13,854	8,197		2,351
Total Fund Balances		(15,518)		13,896	8,197		2,375
TOTAL LIABILITIES/FUND BALANCES	\$	23,034	\$	25,873	\$ 14,065	\$	14,506

;	STUDENT LOANS	ENDOWMENT\$	AGENCY	UI	NEXPENDED	RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT	RETIREMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS	INVESTMENT IN PLANT	TOTALS
\$	2,906	\$ 3,372	\$ 2,345	\$	16,965	11,720	\$ 4,687	\$ -	\$ 86,036
•	23,291	1	296	•	433	80	632	-	34,699
		-	-		-	-	-	-	1,800
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3,322
	1	-	91		126	97	144	-	1,537
	13	-	4,816		120	525	837	-	16,367
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	3,744
	-	290	42		-	-	-	-	332
	-	-	-		26	-	-	-	26
	-	1,437	-		26,357	2,745	610	-	31,149
	-	=	-		-	-	-	12,397	12,397
	-	-	-		-	-	-	298,232	298,232
	-	-	-		-	-	-	118,729	118,729
	-	-	-		- 07 000	4 220	-	70,549	70,549
	-	-	-		27,803	1,339	•	22,437	51,579
	-	-	•		-	-	1 122	2,357	2,357
	-	-	250		64	-	1,133	-	1,133 3,793
	•	-	258		04	-	•	-	3,793
\$	26,211	\$ 5,100	\$ 7,848	\$	71,894	16,506	\$ 8,043	\$ 524,701	\$ 737,781
\$	46 5	\$ - -	\$ 735	\$	3,042 \$	555	\$ 760	\$ -	\$ 22,796 1,800
	-	_	308		-	-	-	-	673
	-	-	804		22	4	-	-	1,892
	118	-	2,197		282	251	180	-	15,259
	-	-	-		54	-75	40	-	10,608
	-	-	-		-	-	-	2,247	2,247
	-	-	-		47,959	870	1,388	67,311	117,741
	-	-	3,804		-	-	-	-	4,333
	•	-	-		-	-	-	-	24,231
	164	-	7,848		51,359	1,755	2,368	69,558	201,580
	-	-	-		-	-	-	455,143	455,143
	-	-	-		58	13	-	-	1,681
	-	-	-		-	-	593	-	593
	24,372	4,180	-		-	-	-	-	28,552
	-	-	-		11,294	3,236	-	-	14,530
	1,675	920	-		9,183	11,502	5,082	-	35,702
_	26,047	5,100	-		20,535	14,751	5,675	455,143	536,201
\$	26,211	\$ 5,100	\$ 7,848	\$	71,894	16,506	\$ 8,043	\$ 524,701	\$ 737,781

#### STATE OF MONTANA Statement of Changes in Fund Balance Component Units - All Higher Education Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)	CURRENT FUNDS						
		U	NRESTRICTED				
	_	ENERAL	DESIGNATED	AUXILIARY	RESTRICTED		
REVENUES/OTHER ADDITIONS:							
Tuition/Fees	\$	69,388		8,275			
Federal Grants/Contracts		4,314	50	-	67,990		
State Grants/Contracts		-	316	-	7,322		
Local Grants/Contracts		-	-		601		
Private Gifts/Grants/Donations		-	583	- 1	14,195		
Endowment Income Sales/Services-Educational Activities		790	1,532	1	1 62		
Sales/Services-Designated/Auxiliary Enterprises		3	19,194	44,433	80		
Indirect Costs Recovered		272	7,131		-		
Investment Earnings		137	90	766	250		
Gains - Investment Transactions							
Acquisition of Long-Lived Assets		-	-	-	-		
Retirement of Indebtedness		-	-	-	-		
Other Revenues/Additions		163	2,409	766	934		
Total Revenues/Other Additions		75,067	40,976	54,242	91,435		
Intrafund Revenues/Other Additions		(60)	(2)	-	(339)		
Net Revenues/Other Additions		75,007	40,974	54,242	91,096		
EXPENDITURES/OTHER DEDUCTIONS:							
Instruction		90,189	4,443	-	5,004		
Research		11,087	5,256	-	31,259		
Public Service		5,824	4,256	-	14,282		
Academic Support		15,470	8,727	-	1,928		
Student Services		14,620	9,905	-	3,461		
Institutional Support		16,317	1,710	-	417		
Independent Operations		1,784	-	-			
Scholarships/Fellowships		5,950	300	10.505	29,431		
Auxiliary Enterprises		40.540	11	43,595	93		
Operation/Maintenance of Plant Expended for Plant		19,518	(67)	-	60		
Debt Services		153	242	114	23		
Capital Outlay		5,418	3,288	191	4,466		
Disposal of Long-Lived Assets		5,410	3,200	131	4,400		
Debt Incurred		_	-	_	-		
Other Expenditures/Deductions		507	288	80	87		
Total Expenditures/Other Deductions		186,837	38,359	43,980	90,511		
Intrafund Expenditures/Other Deductions		(60)	(2)	-	(339)		
Net Expenditures/Other Deductions		186,777	38,357	43,980	90,172		
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)/OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):							
Transfers from State General Fund		96,292	-	-	6		
Millage Transfers		15,163	-	-	-		
Mandatory Transfers		990	(422)	(7,196)	7		
Nonmandatory Transfers Other Transfers		(912)	(1,181) -	(1,464) 197	(900)		
Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)		111,533	(1,603)	(8,463)	(887)		
Move Equity to Investment in Plant		111,000	(1,003)	(0,403)	(007)		
Loan Proceeds			1	-	-		
Bond Proceeds		-		-			
Gain (Loss) on Debt Extinquishment		-		-	-		
Total Transfers In (Out)/Other Additions							
(Deductions)		111,533	(1,602)	(8,463)	(887)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances		(237)	1,015	1,799	37		
FUND BALANCES - July 1 - As Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustments (Note 3)		(15,279) (2)	12,943 -	6,478 -	2,334 5		
FUND BALANCES - July 1 - As Restated Residual Equity Transfers (Note 13)		(15,281)	12,943 (62)	6,478 (80)	2,339		
FUND BALANCES - June 30	\$	(15,518)\$	13,896 \$	8,197	\$ 2,375		

STUDENT LOANS	ENDOWMENTS	UNEXPENDED	RENEWAL AND REPLACEMENT	RETIREMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS	INVESTMENT IN PLANT
					_
\$ - 9	-	\$ 1,962			\$ -
832 139	-	-	5	23	-
-	-	-	_	-	-
77	237	204	85	-	-
-	98	-	-	-	-
-	-	64	- 57	- 	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
367	15	2,503	564	414	-
-	-	-	-	-	45.050
-	-	-	-	-	45,050 5,883
470	-	1,181	114	1,142	
		.,			
1,885	350	5,914	2,047	4,030	50,933
-	-	(20)	(37)	-	-
1,885	350	5,894	2,010	4,030	50,933
1,000			2,010		33,333
-	-	43	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
_	-	-	-	-	-
41	-	_	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,693	2,639	23	-
-	-	1,029	161	9,999	-
-	-	383	2,696	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	8,184
400	-	-	-	-	3,275
400	-	-	-	-	-
441	-	3,148	5,496	10,022	11,459
-	-	(20)	(37)	-	-
					44.450
441	_	3,128	5,459	10,022	11,459
-	6	26	22	-	-
-	-	<u>-</u>	-		-
12	- 041	(2,438)	443	9,790	<del>-</del>
10	941	897 674	6,860 29	(3,838) 733	
_	_	0/4	25	700	_
22	947	(841)	7,354	6,685	-
-	-	(115)	(1,149)		-
-	-	410	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	41	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
22	947	(546)	6,205	6,726	-
1 460	1 207	2 222	0.750	704	20.474
1,466	1,297	2,220	2,756	734	39,474
24,581	3,254	18,315	11,852	4,941	415,669
	549	-,	-	-	-,
24,581	3,803	18,315	11,852	4,941	415,669
•	•	-	143	-	-
\$ 26,047	\$ 5,100	\$ 20,535	\$ 14,751	\$ 5,675	\$ 455,143

#### STATE OF MONTANA Statement of Current Funds Revenues, Expenditures, Transfers and Other Changes Component Units - Higher Education Fund Type For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995 (Expressed in Thousands)

REVENUES:   Tutton/Fees			CURREN'	T FUNDS	
Net Revenues			UNRESTRICTED		
Tutibon/Fees         \$ 69,388 \$ 9,671 \$ 8,275 \$			DESIGNATED	AUXILIARY	RESTRICTED
Tution/Fees         \$ 69,388 \$ 9,671 \$ 8,275 \$ \$ Federal Grants/Contracts         4,314 \$ 50 \$ - 67,5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	REVENUES:				
Federal Grants/Contracts		\$ 69.388	\$ 9.671	\$ 8.275.9	-
State Grants/Contracts				- 0,2,0	67,990
Local Caratis/Contracts		-		_	7,322
Private Diffs/Grants/Donations   -		-	-	_	601
Endowment Income		<u>.</u>	583	1	14,195
Sales/Services-Educational Activities         790         1,532         1           Sales/Services-Designated/Auxiliary Enterprises         3         19,194         44,433           Indrest Costs Recovered         272         7,131         -           Investment Earnings         137         90         766         2           Other Revenues         163         2,409         . 766         2           Intrafund Revenues         75,067         40,976         54,242         91,4           Intrafund Revenues         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Kevenues         75,007         40,974         54,242         91,6           EXPENDITURES:         Educational and General:         Instruction         90,189         4,443         -         5,6           Research         11,087         5,256         -         31,2         4,2         56         -         14,6           Research         11,087         5,256         -         31,2         4,2         56         -         14,6         20         9,905         -         34,8         1,6         20         9,905         -         34,8         1,6         20         9,0         -         29,4         2,		-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
Sales/Services-Designated/Auxilliary Enterprises Indirect Costs Recovered (1972)         3         19,194         44,433         Hondirect Costs Recovered (1972)         7,131         766         2           Investment Earnings         137         90         766         2           Other Revenues         75,067         40,976         54,242         91,6           Intrafund Revenues         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Revenues         75,007         40,974         54,242         91,6           EXPENDITURES:         Educational and General:         Instruction         90,189         4,443         -         5,6           Research         11,087         5,256         -         31,2           Public Service         5,824         4,256         -         14,6           Academic Support         15,470         8,727         -         1,5           Sudent Services         14,620         9,905         -         3,4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         -         (67)         -           Other Expenditures         179,482         34,818<		790	1.532	1	62
Indirect Costs Recovered   172   7,131   -					80
Investment Earnings	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	,	
Other Revenues         163         2,409         766         Sexification           Total Revenues         75,067         40,976         54,242         91,4           Intrafund Revenues         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Revenues         75,007         40,974         54,242         91,0           EXPENDITURES:           Educational and General:         Instruction         90,189         4,443         -         5,0           Research         11,087         5,256         -         31,           Public Services         5,824         4,256         -         14,           Academic Support         15,470         8,727         -         1,5           Student Services         14,620         9,905         -         3,4           Institutional Support         16,317         1,710         -         4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         (37)           Other Expenditures         15,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         179,482         34,818 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>766</td> <td>250</td>				766	250
Total Revenues					934
Intrafund Revenues	Other Revenues	100	2,400	. 700	304
Net Revenues				54,242	91,435
EXPENDITURES: Educational and General: Instruction 90,189 4,443 - 5,6 Research 11,087 5,256 - 31,2 Public Service 5,824 4,256 - 14,4 Academic Support 15,470 8,727 - 1,5 Student Services 14,620 9,905 - 3,4 Institutional Support 16,317 1,710 - 4 Scholarships/Fellowships 5,550 300 - 29,4 Operation/Maintenance of Plant 19,518 (67) - Other Expenditures 507 288 80  Total Educational and General Expenditures 179,482 34,818 80 85,8 Intrafund Expenditures (60) (2) - (3)  Net Educational and General Expenditures 179,422 34,816 80 85,8 Intrafund Expenditures 1,79,422 34,816 80 85,8  Auxiliary Enterprises - 11 43,595 Independent Operations 1,784 Debt Services 153 242 114  Capital Outlay 5,418 3,288 191 4,4  Total Expenditures 186,777 38,357 43,980 90,7  TRANSFERS IN (OUT): Transfers from State General Fund 96,292 Millage Transfers 15,163 Mandatory Transfers 990 (422) (7,196) Nonmandatory Transfers 990 (422) (7,196) Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13) 111,533 (1,603) (8,463) (8  OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS): Loan Proceeds - 1 Total Other Additions (Deductions) - 1 -	Intrafund Revenues	(60)	(2)	-	(339
Educational and General: Instruction 90,189 4,443 - 5,6 Research 11,087 5,256 - 31,2 Public Service 5,824 4,256 - 14,4 Academic Support 15,470 8,727 - 1,5 Student Services 14,620 9,905 - 3,4 Institutional Support 16,317 1,710 - 4 Scholarships/Fellowships 5,950 300 - 29,4 Operation/Maintenance of Plant 19,518 (67) - Other Expenditures 507 288 80  Total Educational and General Expenditures 179,482 34,818 80 85,6 Intrafund Expenditures (60) (2) - (3  Net Educational and General Expenditures 179,422 34,816 80 85,6 Intrafund Expenditures 179,422 34,816 80 85,6  Auxiliary Enterprises 179,422 34,816 80 85,6 Independent Operations 1,784 - 1 Debt Services 153 242 114 Capital Outlay 5,418 3,288 191 4,4  Total Expenditures 186,777 38,357 43,980 90,1  TRANSFERS IN (OUT): Transfers from State General Fund 96,292 Millage Transfers 15,163 Mandatory Transfers 990 (422) (7,196) Nonmandatory	Net Revenues	75,007	40,974	54,242	91,096
Instruction   90,189   4,443   - 5,000   Research   11,087   5,256   - 31,200   Research   11,087   5,256   - 31,200   Public Service   5,824   4,256   - 14,200   Academic Support   15,470   8,727   - 1,500   Student Services   14,620   9,905   - 3,400   Institutional Support   16,317   1,710   - 4,000   Institutional Support   1,700   - 29,400   Other Expenditures   5,950   300   - 29,400   Other Expenditures   507   288   80    Total Educational and General Expenditures   179,482   34,818   80   85,500   Intrafund Expenditures   179,482   34,818   80   85,500    Net Educational and General Expenditures   179,422   34,816   80   85,500    Auxiliary Enterprises   - 11   43,595   Independent Operations   1,784     Independent Operations   1,784   -	EXPENDITURES:				
Research	Educational and General:				
Public Service         5,824         4,256         -         14,2           Academic Support         15,470         8,727         -         1,5           Student Services         14,620         9,905         -         1,5           Institutional Support         16,317         1,710         -         4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         -           Other Expenditures         507         288         80         80           Total Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         1           Independent Operations         1,784         -         -         -           Debt Services         153         242         114         -           Capital Outlay         5,418         3,288         191         4,4           Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANS	Instruction	90,189	4,443	_	5,004
Public Service         5,824         4,256         -         14,4           Academic Support         15,470         8,727         -         1,5           Student Services         14,620         9,905         -         1,5           Institutional Support         16,317         1,710         -         4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         -           Other Expenditures         507         288         80         80           Total Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         1           Independent Operations         1,784         -         -         1         4,6           Capital Outlay         5,418         3,288         191         4,6           Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):           Transfers from State General Fund         96,292 <td>Research</td> <td>11,087</td> <td>5,256</td> <td>_</td> <td>31,259</td>	Research	11,087	5,256	_	31,259
Academic Support   15,470   8,727   - 1,5	Public Service	5,824		-	14,282
Student Services         14,620         9,905         -         3,4           Institutional Support         16,317         1,710         -         4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Other Expenditures         19,518         (67)         -         -           Other Expenditures         507         288         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595           Independent Operations         1,784         -         -           Independent Operations         1,784         -         -           Debt Services         153         242         114           Capital Outlay         5,418         3,288         191         4,4           Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):         -         -         -         <	Academic Support			-	1,928
Institutional Support         16,317         1,710         -         4           Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         288         80           Total Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,8           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,422         34,816         80         85,8           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         43,995         43,995         43,995         43,995         43,995         43,995         43,995         44,4 <t< td=""><td>• •</td><td></td><td></td><td><u>-</u></td><td>3,461</td></t<>	• •			<u>-</u>	3,461
Scholarships/Fellowships         5,950         300         -         29,4           Operation/Maintenance of Plant         19,518         (67)         -         -           Other Expenditures         507         288         80           Total Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,422         34,816         80         85,5           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         43,995         44,4         -         -         -         -         14         4,595         -				_	417
Operation/Maintenance of Plant Other Expenditures         19,518 (67) - 288 80         67) - 288 80           Total Educational and General Expenditures Intrafund Expenditures         179,482 34,818 80 85,5         34,818 80 85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60) (2) - (3         (2) - (3           Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,422 34,816 80 85,5           Auxiliary Enterprises         - 11 43,595           Independent Operations         1,784           Debt Services         153 242 114           Capital Outlay         5,418 3,288 191 4,4           Total Expenditures         186,777 38,357 43,980 90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):         Transfers from State General Fund 96,292 Millage Transfers         - 5           Mandatory Transfers         15,163 Millage Transfers         - 10,181 (1,464) (50)           Nonmandatory Transfers         (912) (1,181) (1,464) (50)           Other Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)         111,533 (1,603) (8,463) (8,463) (8           OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         - 1				_	29,431
Other Expenditures         507         288         80           Total Educational and General Expenditures         179,482         34,818         80         85,5           Intrafund Expenditures         (60)         (2)         -         (3           Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,422         34,816         80         85,5           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         Independent Operations         1,784         -         -         -         Debt Services         153         242         114         -         -         Debt Services         153         242         114         -         -         -         14,44         -         -         -         -         -         -         14,44         -<		·		-	60
Intrafund Expenditures   (60)   (2)   - (3)     Net Educational and General Expenditures   179,422   34,816   80   85,5     Auxiliary Enterprises   -   11   43,595     Independent Operations   1,784   -   -     Debt Services   153   242   114     Capital Outlay   5,418   3,288   191   4,4     Total Expenditures   186,777   38,357   43,980   90,1     TRANSFERS IN (OUT):     Transfers from State General Fund   96,292   -   -     Millage Transfers   15,163   -   -     Mindatory Transfers   990   (422)   (7,196)     Nonmandatory Transfers   (912)   (1,181)   (1,464)   (50)     Other Transfers   -   197     Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)   111,533   (1,603)   (8,463)   (8,463)   (8,463)     OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):     Loan Proceeds   -   1   -     Total Other Additions (Deductions)   -   1   -			` '	80	87
Net Educational and General Expenditures         179,422         34,816         80         85,5           Auxiliary Enterprises         -         11         43,595         1           Independent Operations         1,784         -         -         -           Debt Services         153         242         114         -			•	80	85,929
Auxiliary Enterprises	Intrafund Expenditures	(60)	(2)	-	(339
Independent Operations	Net Educational and General Expenditures	179,422	34,816	80	85,590
Debt Services         153         242         114           Capital Outlay         5,418         3,288         191         4,4           Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):         Transfers In (OUT):         Transfers In (OUT):         Transfers In (OUT):		-	11	43,595	93
Capital Outlay         5,418         3,288         191         4,4           Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):           Transfers from State General Fund         96,292         -         -           Millage Transfers         15,163         -         -           Mandatory Transfers         990         (422)         (7,196)           Nonmandatory Transfers         (912)         (1,181)         (1,464)         (9           Other Transfers         -         -         197         -           Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)         111,533         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8           OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):           Loan Proceeds         -         1         -           Total Other Additions (Deductions)         -         1         -			-	-	-
Total Expenditures         186,777         38,357         43,980         90,1           TRANSFERS IN (OUT):           Transfers from State General Fund         96,292         -         -         -         Millage Transfers         15,163         -         -         -         -         Mandatory Transfers         990         (422)         (7,196)         Nonmandatory Transfers         (912)         (1,181)         (1,464)         (9         (9         (1,181)         (1,464)         (9         (9         (1,181)         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8         (8         (8         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8         (8         (8         (9         (1,603)         (1,603)         (8					23
TRANSFERS IN (OUT):         Transfers from State General Fund       96,292       -       -         Millage Transfers       15,163       -       -         Mandatory Transfers       990       (422)       (7,196)         Nonmandatory Transfers       (912)       (1,181)       (1,464)       (9         Other Transfers       -       -       197         Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)       111,533       (1,603)       (8,463)       (8         OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         Loan Proceeds       -       1       -         Total Other Additions (Deductions)       -       1       -	Capital Outlay	5,418	3,288	191	4,466
Transfers from State General Fund       96,292       -       -       -         Millage Transfers       15,163       -       -       -         Mandatory Transfers       990       (422)       (7,196)         Nonmandatory Transfers       (912)       (1,181)       (1,464)       (9)         Other Transfers       -       -       197         Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)       111,533       (1,603)       (8,463)       (8         OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         Loan Proceeds       -       1       -         Total Other Additions (Deductions)       -       1       -	Total Expenditures	186,777	38,357	43,980	90,172
Transfers from State General Fund       96,292       -       -         Millage Transfers       15,163       -       -         Mandatory Transfers       990       (422)       (7,196)         Nonmandatory Transfers       (912)       (1,181)       (1,464)       (9         Other Transfers       -       -       197         Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)       111,533       (1,603)       (8,463)       (8         OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         Loan Proceeds       -       1       -         Total Other Additions (Deductions)       -       1       -	TRANSFERS IN (OUT):				
Millage Transfers       15,163       -       -         Mandatory Transfers       990       (422)       (7,196)         Nonmandatory Transfers       (912)       (1,181)       (1,464)       (90)         Other Transfers       -       -       197         Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)       111,533       (1,603)       (8,463)       (80)         OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         Loan Proceeds       -       1       -         Total Other Additions (Deductions)       -       1       -		96.292	-	-	6
Mandatory Transfers         990         (422)         (7,196)           Nonmandatory Transfers         (912)         (1,181)         (1,464)         (9           Other Transfers         -         -         197           Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)         111,533         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8           OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         Loan Proceeds         -         1         -           Total Other Additions (Deductions)         -         1         -		·	_	_	-
Nonmandatory Transfers         (912)         (1,181)         (1,464)         (912)           Other Transfers         -         -         197           Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)         111,533         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8           OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):           Loan Proceeds         -         1         -           Total Other Additions (Deductions)         -         1         -	•		(422)	(7.196)	7
Other Transfers         -         -         197           Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)         111,533         (1,603)         (8,463)         (8           OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):         -         1         -         -           Loan Proceeds         -         1         -         -         -         1         -	Nonmandatory Transfers				(900
OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):  Loan Proceeds - 1 -  Total Other Additions (Deductions) - 1 -		(6.2)	-		-
Loan Proceeds         -         1         -           Total Other Additions (Deductions)         -         1         -	Total Transfers In (Out) (Note 13)	111,533	(1,603)	(8,463)	(887
Total Other Additions (Deductions) - 1 -	OTHER ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS):				
	Loan Proceeds	-	1	-	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances \$ (237) \$ 1.015 \$ 1.799 \$	Total Other Additions (Deductions)	-	1	-	-
$\frac{\psi}{\sqrt{207}}$	Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balances	\$ (237)	\$ 1,015	\$ 1,799 \$	37

#### **STATE OF MONTANA**

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 1995

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements for the State of Montana have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements of the Higher Education Funds have been prepared in conformity with GAAP for colleges and universities as prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A. Reporting Entity - For financial reporting purposes, the State of Montana has included all funds and account groups which comprise the State of Montana (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are entities for which the State is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the State is such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State.

#### **Discrete Component Units**

These component units are entities which are legally separate from the State because they possess corporate powers, but are financially accountable to the State, or whose relationships with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issue separate financial statements, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. The Component Units columns of the combined financial statements include the financial data of these entities:

Housing Authority (Proprietary Fund Type) - This Authority is a quasi-judicial board, consisting of seven members appointed by the Governor, created in 1975 to facilitate the availability of decent, safe and sanitary housing to persons and families of lower income. The Board issues negotiable notes and bonds to fulfill its purposes. The total amount of notes and bonds outstanding at any time may not exceed \$975,000,000. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the State of Montana may be pledged for the amounts so issued. The Authority is audited annually by the Legislative Auditor and its report is issued under separate cover.

Health Facilities Authority (Proprietary Fund Type) - This Authority is governed by a quasi-judicial board appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Its purpose is to contain future health care costs by offering debt financing or refinancing at reduced rates to Montana non-profit private and public health care institutions for purchases of capital equipment and buildings. The Board issues revenue bonds to fulfill its purposes. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the State of Montana may be pledged for the amounts so issued. The Authority is audited by the Legislative Auditor every two years and its report is issued under separate cover.

State Compensation Insurance Fund (New and Old) (Proprietary Fund Type) - The Fund is a quasi-governmental corporation governed by a five member board appointed by the Governor. The Fund provides workers' compensation insurance. The New Fund covers claims incurred after June 30, 1990, and is financed by member (employer) premiums. The Old Fund covers claims incurred before July 1, 1990, and is financed by a .5 percent tax on each employer as well as a .2 percent tax on employee wages and net income of self-employed persons. Administrative operations and budgets are reviewed by the Governor and the Legislature. The Fund is audited annually by the Legislative Auditor and its report is issued under separate cover.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System</u> (Pension Trust Fund Type) - This retirement system is a legally separate entity with a board appointed by the Governor. Its purpose is to provide retirement, disability, death and lump sum payments to members of Montana's public teaching profession. The administrative costs of the Teachers' Retirement Division are paid from interest earnings of the fund. The system is funded from employer and employee contributions and interest earnings. The system is audited annually by the Legislative Auditor and its report is issued under separate cover.

<u>Universities and Colleges</u> (Higher Education Funds) - The State Board of Regents has responsibility for the following institutions: University of Montana and the units under it including Montana Tech of the University of Montana, Western Montana College of the University of Montana, the Colleges of Technology at Helena and Missoula and the Division of Technology at Butte; and Montana State University and the units under it including Montana State University - Billings, Montana State University - Northern, and the Colleges of Technology located in Billings and Great Falls. All units are funded through State appropriations, tuition, federal grants, and private donations and grants. The units are audited by the Legislative Auditor every two years and their reports are issued under separate cover.

Though the following organizations perform functions related to the higher education units, they are not considered part of Montana's reporting entity: (1) Community Colleges which are considered part of local units of government; and both (2) the Montana Higher Education Student Assistance Corporation, a private non-profit corporation, and (3) private foundations supporting public education, over which the State exercises neither financial nor administrative control (see Note 19). Entities such as local school districts and local authorities of various kinds are considered part of local units of government and have not been included. The State's support of local public education systems is reported in the General and State Special Revenue Funds.

B. <u>Fund Structure</u> - The State uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

The financial activities of the State of Montana are classified into fund categories and account groups as described below:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

General Fund - To account for all governmental financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources restricted to expenditure for specified purposes (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects).

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - To account for resources accumulated for payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligation debt.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - To account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds).

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - To account for operations (1) financed and operated similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the legislature is to finance or recover costs primarily through user charges; or (2) where the legislature has decided periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - To account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments, agencies or other governmental entities on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - To account for assets held by the State in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds. These include: (1) Expendable Trust Funds; (2) Nonexpendable Trust Funds; (3) Pension Trust Funds; and (4) Agency Funds.

#### **ACCOUNT GROUPS**

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - To account for all fixed assets of the State, except those accounted for in the Proprietary, Nonexpendable Trust, Pension Trust and Plant Funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - To account for all long-term obligations of the State, except those accounted for in Proprietary, Nonexpendable Trust, Pension Trust and Plant Funds.

#### HIGHER EDUCATION (UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE) FUNDS

#### **Current Funds**

#### Unrestricted

<u>General Operating</u> - To account for the portion of financial resources that can be expended for general operations and is free of externally imposed restrictions, except those imposed by the legislature.

<u>Designated</u> - To account for those resources associated with general operations which are separately classified in order to accumulate costs recharged to other funds and to identify special activities of educational departments which are supported by supplemental assessments and the receipt and disposition of special supply and facility fees which are approved for collection beyond normal course fees.

<u>Auxiliary</u> - To account for those financial resources devoted to providing essential on-campus services primarily to students, faculty or staff where a fee relating to the service is charged.

**Restricted** - To account for the portion of financial resources that can be expended only for purposes imposed by sources external to the Board of Regents and the legislature.

#### Fiduciary Funds

**Student Loans** - To account for moneys which may be loaned to students, faculty or staff for purposes related to education, organized research or public services by the higher education units.

**Endowments** - To account for moneys where the principal is available for investment. Investment earnings are to be transferred to (or recorded directly in) appropriate operating funds pursuant to prevailing administrative requirements.

**Agency** - To account for moneys where the State acts in the capacity of a custodian or fiscal agent for individual students, faculty, staff or qualified organizations.

Plant Funds

Unexpended - To account for unexpended resources derived from various sources which are used to finance the acquisition/construction of plant assets and the associated liabilities.

Renewal and Replacement - To account for resources used to provide for the renewal and replacement of plant fund assets as distinguished from additions and improvements.

Retirement of Indebtedness - To account for resources accumulated for interest and principal payments and other debt service charges, including contributions to reserves, relating to plant fund indebtedness.

Investment in Plant - To account for all long-lived assets in the service of the higher education unit as well as all associated liabilities.

C. Basis of Accounting - The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds and Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Governmental Funds and Expendable Trust Funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are susceptible to accrual and recognized when they are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursements are recognized based upon the expenditures incurred. Intergovernmental revenues received but not earned are recorded as deferred revenues. All other revenue including taxes on coal sales, gas and oil production, individual income and other self-assessed taxes is considered available if due within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Based on historical analysis, a liability has been recognized for collected withholding taxes to be refunded in fiscal year 1996. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the following exceptions:

principal and interest on long-term debt is recognized when due;

(2) (3) prepayments are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition; and

inventory items are considered expenditures when purchased.

All Proprietary, Pension Trust and Nonexpendable Trust Funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means all assets and liabilities associated with these activities are included on their balance sheets. Operating statements for these funds present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Proprietary, Pension Trust, Nonexpendable Trust and Higher Education Funds are maintained and reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable; expenses are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable. In Higher Education Funds, depreciation expense related to plant fund assets is not recorded; student tuition and fees are fully recognized in the fiscal year in which the related courses or activities are principally conducted. Unbilled receivables of Proprietary and Higher Education Funds are recognized as revenue.

Significant intrafund transactions and balances have been eliminated.

- D. Cash/Cash Equivalents For all funds, except the Housing Authority in the Component Unit Proprietary Fund, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash deposits, cash invested in the Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Housing Authority considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash held by the state treasurer, other cash deposits, and mortgage payments in transit (See Note 4).
- E. Receivables This classification, net of estimated uncollectibles, consists primarily of receivables for goods sold and services provided; short-term loans and notes; interest and dividends; taxes due within 60 days of fiscal year-end; and income, withholding and inheritance taxes that are past due. An allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided based upon historical analysis. The allowance for uncollectible taxes at June 30, 1995, is \$16.67 million.
- F. Inventories Inventories of materials and supplies are stated at cost. The State allows agencies to use any generally accepted inventory pricing method, but specifies the first-in, first-out method should be appropriate for most agencies.

Governmental and Expendable Trust Funds use the "purchase method," meaning inventory purchases are recorded as expenditures. At fiscal year-end, significant amounts of inventory are shown as a reserve of fund balance, indicating they do not constitute "available spendable resources."

Proprietary, Pension Trust, Nonexpendable Trust and Higher Education Funds report using the "consumption method," meaning inventories are expensed as used.

G. Investments - In accordance with the statutorily mandated "Prudent Expert Principle", the State of Montana invests in various types of securities for each portfolio it manages. Certain securities including asset-backed securities, variablerate instruments, zero coupon bonds, preferred stocks, and mortgage-backed securities are purchased for portfolio diversification and a competitive rate of return. All investments, except the deferred compensation plan investments, are reported at cost or amortized cost in the balance sheet. The deferred compensation plan investments are carried at market value. Investments are reported by type in the disclosure of custodial credit risk for each investment portfolio (See Note 4 on Cash/Cash Equivalents and Investments).

- H. Deferred Charges Unamortized bond issuance costs are reported in this category.
- I. <u>Deferred Revenue</u> Deferred revenues are those for which asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.
- J. <u>Compensated Absences</u> Full-time state employees earn vacation leave ranging from 15 to 24 days per year depending on the individual's years of service. Teachers employed by the State do not receive vacation leave. Vacation leave may be accumulated and carried over from one year to the next. The carryover is limited to two times the maximum number of days earned annually. Sick leave is earned at the rate of 12 days per year with no limit on accumulation. Each contribution year, an employee may contribute a maximum of 40 hours of sick leave to a nonrefundable sick leave pool. For fiscal year 1995, 1,022 hours were contributed to the sick leave pool and 1,110 hours were withdrawn leaving a balance of 4,603 hours in the pool. No liability is reported in the accompanying financial statements because these hours are nonrefundable to participants except by grants approved through an application process.

Vested or accumulated leave of Proprietary and Pension Trust Funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds; for higher education the expense and liability is recorded in the current unrestricted funds as the benefits accrue to employees. The liability amount recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group is not expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources, thus no expenditure or liability is reported in the governmental funds. Upon retirement or termination, an employee is paid for 100% of unused vacation leave and 25% of unused sick leave.

- K. <u>Encumbrances</u> For budget control purposes, the State utilizes encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded as expenditures and liabilities in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances for subsequent year expenditures.
- L. <u>Fund Balance/Retained Earnings Reserves</u> Portions of fund equity are reported as "reserved" to indicate (1) amounts not available for expenditure, such as equity represented by inventories; and (2) amounts legally segregated for a specific future use, such as those pledged for debt service and retirement benefits or legally-binding contractual agreements.
- M. <u>Property Taxes</u> Real property taxes are levied in October and are payable in two installments on November 30 and May 31. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien immediately if not paid when due. The State recognizes property tax revenues as available if they are collectible within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Material delinquent and total uncollected current year property taxes receivable are recorded in Receivables (Net of Uncollectibles).

Personal property tax levies are set each August and notices are normally mailed the following March or April. Half of mobile home taxes are due in 30 days and the remaining half on September 30. Taxes on all other types of personal property are to be paid in full 30 days after receipt of the notice. Personal property taxes attach as an enforceable lien immediately if not paid when due.

Property taxes are collected by each of Montana's 56 counties. The counties then remit the State's portion to the State Treasury. The majority of these taxes help fund public school systems and higher education.

**N.** <u>Other Taxes</u> - On the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for All Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust Funds, the revenue category "Other Taxes" consists of the following taxes (in thousands):

	General _ Fund	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>
Video Gaming	\$10,375	\$20,660	\$ -	\$ -
Insurance Premium	20,571	8,524	-	-
University System Millage	-	14,217	-	-
Cigarette/Tobacco	-	1,529	10,668	2,394
Inheritance/Estate	19,019	-	· -	-
Accommodations	112	8,479	-	-
Alcoholic Beverage	2,108	2,479	-	-
Miscellaneous	<u>10,785</u>	<u>12,116</u>	<del></del>	
TOTAL OTHER TAXES	<u>\$62,970</u>	<u>\$68,004</u>	<u>\$10,668</u>	<u>\$2,394</u>

#### 2. BUDGETARY REPORTING

A. <u>State Budget Process</u> - Montana is a biennial budget state. The constitution requires that legislative appropriations not exceed available revenues. The legislature only utilizes revenue estimates in the budgetary process to establish appropriation levels. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations. In addition, the State Constitution prohibits borrowing to cover deficits incurred because appropriations exceeded anticipated revenues. State law requires an appropriation for disbursements from the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds, except for those State Special Revenue Funds which receive donations. Budgets may be established in other funds for administrative purposes.

Agency budget requests are submitted to the Governor and the legislative fiscal analyst. The Governor and budget director establish priorities and balance the budget. The Governor's budget is submitted to the legislative fiscal analyst

who then prepares recommendations. A comparison of those recommendations with the Governor's budget is submitted to the legislature. Joint appropriations subcommittee hearings are held and an omnibus appropriation bill is reported in the House and subsequently sent to the Senate. The legislature generally enacts one bill making all appropriations for the next two fiscal years. The Office of Budget and Program Planning establishes appropriations for each program by accounting entity (fund) within an agency. The legislature enacts other appropriations, but only within the available revenue. Agencies must prepare and submit to the budget director operational plans showing the allocation of operating budgets by expenditure category (i.e., personal services, operating expenses, equipment, etc.). The budget director or other statutorily designated approving authority may authorize changes among expenditure categories and transfers between program appropriations.

Appropriations may not be increased by amendment in the General Fund. However, a department, institution or agency of the executive branch desiring authorization to make expenditures from the General Fund during the first fiscal year of the biennium from appropriations for the second fiscal year of the biennium may apply for authorization from the Governor through the budget director. Additionally, the Governor, or his designee, may approve budget amendments for non-general fund moneys not available for consideration by the legislature and for emergencies. In the accompanying financial statements, reported budget amounts are as amended. Budget amendments authorized for fiscal year 1995 were not material. There were no expenditures in excess of total authorized appropriations in the State's budgeted funds for the fiscal year.

Appropriations may be continued into the next fiscal year when authorized by the legislature or the governor's office. After fiscal year-end, appropriations that are not continued are reverted. The reverted appropriations remain available for one fiscal year for expenditures that exceed the amount accrued/encumbered. Fund balances/retained earnings are not reserved for reverted appropriations. For fiscal year 1995, reverted appropriations for all funds were \$314.6 million of which \$35.6 million were for the General Fund and \$120.3 were for the Special Revenue Fund. Beginning with fiscal year 1994, agencies have the opportunity to carry forward 30% of their reverted operating appropriations into the next two fiscal years. This amount can be used for new expenditures at the request of the agency and upon approval of the budget office.

Because appropriations for Capital Projects Funds are not made on an annual basis, activities for the Capital Projects Funds are not presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Reconciliation of Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) to GAAP Basis - Unreserved Fund Balance.

B. <u>Budget Basis</u> - The legislature's legal authorization ("appropriations") to incur obligations is enacted on a basis inconsistent with GAAP. The budget basis differs from GAAP for encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end; compensated absences, fixed assets and inventories purchased in Proprietary Funds; compensated absences and inventories purchased in Higher Education Funds; certain loans from Governmental Funds; and other miscellaneous nonbudgeted activity (e.g., bad-debt write-offs, etc.). The General and Special Revenue Fund Type budgetary statement includes a reconciliation of unreserved fund balance between "Excess of Revenues/Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures/Other Uses" on the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING CHANGES

The State made changes in its accounting and reporting practices to enhance conformance with GAAP. Except for the changes highlighted below, all changes reported in the accompanying financial statements, which resulted in the restatement of beginning fund equity, were made to correct errors of prior periods.

The State implemented GASB Statement 21 - Accounting for Escheated Property, which resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$223,000 in the Expendable Trust Funds. This activity was previously reported in Agency Funds.

The State also changed its method of recognizing gains and losses on bond swaps in the Pension Trust Funds from deferral and amortization to immediate recognition. This new method is preferable because it meets the revenue recognition criteria for Pension Trust Funds. The effect of this change is shown on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as "Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle".

#### 4. CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

This footnote details the following balance sheet classifications (in thousands):

Cash/Cash Equivalents \$ 1,132,682 Equity in Pooled Investments \$ 2,462,365 Investments \$ 1,751,305

Carrying amounts and market values (Bank Balance for Cash Deposits) for the State's cash/cash equivalents and investments are presented in Tables 1 through 6.

#### A. General

(1) Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash deposits, cash invested in the Short Term Investment Pool and investments categorized as cash equivalents.

Deposits with financial institutions are categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the State in Table 1. Category 1 consists of deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the state or by its agent in the state's name.

Category 2 consists of deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the state's name. Category 3 deposits are uncollateralized. The State's Cash Deposits are categorized in Table 1.

The State's cash equivalents and investments are categorized to indicate the risk level assumed by the State in Table 2 - Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP), Table 3 - Cash Equivalents, Table 4 - Equity in Pooled Investments and Table 6 - Investments to disclose the level of risk assumed by the State at fiscal year-end.

<u>Category 1</u> includes investments that are insured or registered, securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name. <u>Category 2</u> includes uninsured and unregistered investments in which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the State's name. <u>Category 3</u> includes uninsured and unregistered investments in which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the State's name. None of the State's cash equivalents or investments were classified in Category 3 at fiscal year-end.

(2) The State invests in certain types of securities including asset-backed securities, variable-rate instruments, zero coupon bonds, preferred stocks (convertible equity securities), and mortgage-backed securities in addition to other long term investment securities to provide a diversified investment portfolio and an overall competitive rate of return. All securities are reported by investment portfolio and type in Table 2 - Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP), Table 4 - Equity in Pooled Investments, and Table 6 - Investments.

Asset-backed securities represent debt securities collateralized by a pool of non-mortgage assets such as trade and loan receivables, equipment leases, credit cards, etc.. These securities have less credit risk than do securities not backed by pledged assets, while market risk for asset-backed securities is the same as market risk for similar non asset-backed securities.

Variable-rate instruments pay a variable rate of interest until maturity. The variable rate floats with the 91 day treasury bill or the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Variable-rate instruments have credit risk identical to similar fixed-rate securities; however, their market risk (income) is more sensitive to interest rate changes. However, their market risk (value/price) may be less volatile than fixed-rate securities because their value will usually remain near par as a result of interest rates being periodically reset to maintain a current market yield.

Zero Coupon Bonds and Preferred Stocks include securities whose structure differs from the basic convertible security structure. These include PENs (Participating Equity Notes), PERCs (Preferred Equity Redemption Coupons) and DECS (Dividend Enhanced Common Stock). PENs are corporate bonds offering the investor a choice at maturity of receiving the greater of the bond's par value or the value of a preset ratio of an established index. PERCs reflect an investor's acceptance of a cap in a security's price appreciation in exchange for a higher income yield. DECS are issued, and traded, at a premium to the underlying common stock in exchange for a higher dividend yield. The State's investment policy requires convertible debt and zero coupon bonds to be rated at a specific level at time of purchase as a credit risk control measure. These securities carry market risk and the potential for change in market value. Market value changes may occur due to interest rate changes, declines in the value of underlying common stock, or the triggering of a call feature and other factors.

Mortgage-backed securities reflect participation in a pool of residential mortgages. These securities include structured financial instruments known as REMICs (Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits). Some REMICs are principal-only strips (POS) and interest-only strips (IOS). These securities are based on the cash flows from the principal and interest payments on underlying mortgages, respectively. These securities have credit risk as measured by major credit rating services. The State's investment policy requires these investments to be rated "investment grade" at the time of purchase. Market risk for these securities is caused by changes in the price or principal value of the securities due to changes in interest rates.

There are no legal risks that the State is aware of regarding any investments, except an investment in the El Paso Electric Company. El Paso Electric Company declared bankruptcy in January 1992. Per bankruptcy court order, the company has been making its monthly interest payments since January 1992. In 1995, the company began merger negotiations with another company. In June 1995, negotiations ceased and bond holders were notified the June interest payment and subsequent interest payments would not be paid until further notice. On September 8, 1995, the Board of Investments received an interest payment on those bonds for June 1 to August 31, 1995. The Retirement Funds Bond Pool (RFBP) and the All Other Funds (AOF) portfolio administered by the Board of Investments had investments with a book value of \$2,107,000 and \$1,402,000, respectively, in El Paso Electric Company bonds.

(3) Under a security lending agreement with the State's agent, all of the State's investments may be loaned. The agent must maintain collateral equal to 102% of the market value of the securities on loan. The State retains all rights and risks of ownership for the loaned securities.

#### B. Cash/Cash Equivalents

(1) Cash Deposits - The State's main depository bank balance fluctuates daily. The State requires collateralization based on an average daily bank balance. For other depository banks, State statutes require collateralization at 50% of the bank balance. The Cash Deposit amounts include both Primary Government and Component Unit deposits.

TABLE 1 - CASH DEPOSITS (In Thousands)

Risk Category	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>	<u>Fund</u>	
<ul> <li>(1) Insured (FDIC)         Collateral held by State/State's agent</li> <li>(2) Collateral held by Pledging Institution</li> <li>(3) Uncollateralized</li> </ul>	\$ 1,703 187,419 8,650 897	\$ 1,703 20,225 8,650 30	Various Various Various Various	
Uncategorized: Cash in U.S. Treasury Less: Outstanding Warrants	105,616 (39,284)			
TOTAL CASH DEPOSITS	<u>\$265,001</u>			

As of June 30, 1995, the carrying amount of deposits for component units was \$41,495,000 and the bank balance was \$41,280,000. Of the bank balance, \$41,248,000 was fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the component units or their agent's in the unit's name and \$32,000 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or its agent in the respective component unit's name.

(2) Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) - STIP consists of cash in the State Treasury not invested by individual funds in identifiable securities. Cash is pooled and invested in short-term instruments. Each investing fund, including local governments outside this reporting entity, purchase units in STIP. STIP is under the control of the Board of Investments.

TABLE 2 - SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT POOL (STIP) (In Thousands)

	Risk Cate	egories 2*	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market <u>Value</u>	Fund
Asset-Backed Securities Bankers' Acceptances Commercial Paper Corporate Obligations Government Securities Repurchase Agreements Variable-Rate	\$ 127,259 87,426 152,610 85,139 73,304 125,000 	\$ - - - 49,061 - 249	\$ 127,259 87,426 152,610 85,139 122,365 125,000 152,973	\$ 127,255 87,415 152,580 85,371 122,777 125,000 152,953	Various Various Various Various Various Various
TOTAL STIP	<u>\$ 803,462</u>	<u>\$49,310</u>	<u>\$ 852,772</u>	\$ 853,351	

<sup>\*</sup>At June 30, 1995, these securities with a market value of \$49,764,000 were loaned under a security lending agreement with the State's agent.

As of June 30, 1995, local governments invested \$204,614,000 in the STIP and component units of the State of Montana had investments in STIP of \$136,681,000. STIP participant units are valued at \$1 for both cost and market.

(3) Cash Equivalents - Cash equivalents, except for the Housing Authority in the Component Unit Proprietary Fund, are short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Housing Authority considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash held by the state treasurer, other cash deposits, and mortgage payments in transit. Cash equivalents may be under the control of the Board of Investments (the Board) or other agencies, as allowed by law.

TABLE 3 - CASH EQUIVALENTS (In Thousands)

Fund Type	Government Securities	Risk Category 1	Money <u>Market</u>	Other Investments	Carrying Amount	Market Value
PRIMARY GOVERNMEN Enterprise	IT \$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,408	\$ -	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,408
COMPONENT UNITS Proprietary Higher Education Sub-Total	\$ 1,673 	\$ 1,673 \$ 1,673	\$ - <u>5,565</u> \$ 5,565	\$ - <u>6,263</u> <u>\$6,263</u>	\$ 1,673 _11,828 \$13,501	\$ 1,673 _11,828 \$13,501
TOTAL	<u>\$ 1,673</u>	<u>\$ 1,673</u>	\$ 6,973	<u>\$6,263</u>	<u>\$14,909</u>	<u>\$14,909</u>

C. <u>Equity in Pooled Investments</u> - Consists of investments held by three investment pool funds. The Montana Common Stock Pool (MONTCOMP), Montana Convertible Pool (MTCVP), and Retirement Funds Bond Pool (RFBP) were created to allow qualifying funds to participate in diversified investment pools. Participation is restricted to expendable trust, nonexpendable trust, pension trust and higher education endowment funds. Purchases are subject to statutory restrictions for quality and size of holdings.

TABLE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS (In Thousands)

	Risk Ca 1_	tegories 2*_	Carrying Amount	Market Value	
MONTCOMP Corporate Stocks	\$ 755,855	\$ 63,796	\$ 819,651	\$ 983,061	
MTCVP Zero Coupon Bonds Convertible Bonds Preferred Stocks	9,487 45,273 16,103	2,281 3,502 4,467	11,768 48,775 20,570	12,270 48,395 19,478	
RFBP Corporate Asset Backed Corporate Stocks US Govt. Mortgage Backed US Govt. Direct Yankee Bonds	95,551 767,502 111,779 85,713 86,923	57,283 - 346,699 	95,551 824,785 111,779 432,412 97,074	96,257 861,720 116,280 449,671 105,543	
TOTAL EQUITY IN POOLED INVESTMENTS	<u>\$1,974,186</u>	<u>\$488,179</u>	<u>\$2,462,365</u>	<u>\$2,692,675</u>	

<sup>\*</sup> At June 30, 1995, these securities with a market value of \$500,082,000 were on loan under a security lending agreement with the State's agent.

As of June 30, 1995, component units of the State of Montana had investments in MONTCOMP, MTCVP, and RFBP pools with a book value of \$928,203,000 and a market value of \$1,163,597,000.

D. Investments - Long-term investments are primarily administered by three state agencies. Article 8 of Montana's Constitution, with supporting statutes, authorizes the Board of Investments to manage the State's unified investment program. State law specifies which agencies may hold investments outside the administration of the Board. The Board, as the State's primary administrator of long-term investments, actively manages 83% of those investments; the Board of Housing, 9%; and the Department of Administration's Personnel Division, 6% for the State's Deferred Compensation Plan. Additionally, the Higher Education Units manage 2% of total investments for bond related activities.

The Board must employ the "Prudent Expert Rule" in managing the State's investment portfolio. The funds carry equity securities at cost and debt securities at amortized cost. Deferred compensation plan investments are carried at market.

The Board of Investments continued to invest in leveraged buyouts and venture capital in fiscal year 1995. The Board's total leveraged buyout commitment, administered by Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts and Companies, amounts to \$50,000,000. The leveraged buyout invested balance for the pension funds amounted to \$33,459,164 on June 30, 1995.

For the purpose of portfolio diversification, the Board has committed \$27,623,000 for venture capital investments administered by Brinson Partners. The June 30, 1995, venture capital invested balance totaled \$7,476,302 for the Teachers' Retirement and \$9,137,595 for the Public Employees' Retirement systems.

In September 1991, the board committed \$5,000,000 per year for the next five years to invest in mortgage servicing rights. As of June 30, 1995, the invested balance in America's Mortgage Servicing, Inc., totaled \$900,000 for the Teachers' Retirement and \$1,100,000 for the Public Employees' Retirement systems.

TABLE 5 - INVESTMENTS (CARRYING AMOUNT/MARKET VALUE) (In Thousands)

	Carrying	Market		Government		
Fund Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Securities</u>	<u>Mortgages</u>	<u>Other</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	г					
Special Revenue						
Carrying Amount	\$ 14,115		\$ 3,711	\$ 10,404	\$ -	\$ -
Market Value		\$ 14,470	3,750	10,720	-	-
Debt Service						
Carrying Amount	1,671		-	1,671	-	-
_ Market Value		1,710	-	1,710	-	-
Enterprise	10.001		050	44.500		204
Carrying Amount	12,661	40.000	859	11,598	-	204 241
Market Value		13,082	871	11,970	-	241
Internal Service	25 120		6,736	17.892		492
Carrying Amount Market Value	25,120	25,807	6,828	18,471	-	508
Expendable Trust		25,007	0,020	10,471		000
Carrying Amount	699		_	699	_	_
Market Value	000	708	-	708	-	_
Nonexpendable Trust		, 00		,		
Carrying Amount	814,688		495,728	260,379	-	58,581
Market Value	,	850,055	516,430	269,407	-	64,218
Pension Trusts		•				
Carrying Amount	91,308		-	-	61,330	29,978
Market Value		<u>100,708</u>			<u>61,330</u>	<u>39,378</u>
Total Identifiable Investn			<b>6</b> 507 004	<b>#</b> 202.042	¢ 64 000	<b>6</b> 00 055
Carrying Amount	\$ 960,262	¢4 000 E40	\$ 507,034 5 537,034	\$ 302,643 \$ 312,986	\$ 61,330 \$ 61,330	\$ 89,255 \$104,345
Market Value		\$1,006,540	\$ <u>527,879</u>	<u>\$ 312,966</u>	<u>\$ 61,330</u>	<u>\$104,345</u>
Deferred Compensation	110,586	110,586				
Total Primary Governme		110,500				
Carrying Amount	\$1,070,848					
Market Value	<del>Ψ1,070,040</del>	\$1,117,126				
Market Value		ψ1,117,120				
COMPONENT UNITS						
Proprietary						
Carrying Amount	\$ 584,093		\$ 203,108		\$ -	\$ 52,244
_ Market Value		\$ 600,822	207,246	338,233	-	55,343
Pension Trust	05.045				40.400	00.005
Carrying Amount	65,215	74 000		-	43,120	22,095
Market Value		71,828	-		43,120	28,708
Higher Education	21 140			29,712		1,437
Carrying Amount Market Value	31,149	31,028		29,712 29,563	-	1,437 1,465
Total Component Units						1,-00
Carrying Amount	\$ 680,457		\$ 203,108	\$ 358,453	\$ 43.120	\$ 75.776
Market Value	<u>ψ 000, 101</u>	\$ 703,678	\$ 207,246		\$ 43.120	\$ 85,516
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$1,751,305	\$1,820,804	2 = 0 . 1,= 10	<del></del>	<u> </u>	-

TABLE 6 - INVESTMENTS (RISK CATEGORIES) (In Thousands)

	Cate	gories	Carrying	Market
Security Type	1	2	Amount	Value_
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Corporate Bonds Corporate Asset-Backed Government Securities Government Mortgage-Backed Other	\$ 440,705 33,387 78,601 47,410 49,083	\$ 32,942 - 176,632 - 10,194	\$ 473,647 33,387 255,233 47,410 59,277	\$ 494,558 33,321 265,242 47,744 64,967
Total	\$ 649,186	\$ 219,768	\$ 868,954	\$ 905,832

Security Type	Categories 2		Carrying Amount	Market <u>Value</u>	
COMPONENT UNITS					
Corporate Bonds \$ Corporate Asset-Backed Government Securities Government Mortgage-Backed Other Total TOTAL	149,894 45,824 83,342 35,341 9,416 323,817 973,003	\$ 7,390 239,770 42,828 289,988 \$ 509,756	\$ 157,284 45,824 323,112 35,341 52,244 613,805 \$1,482,759	\$ 161,734 45,512 332,146 35,650 55,343 630,385 \$1,536,217	
Direct Investments:					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Mortgages Other Deferred Compensation TOTAL			\$ 61,330 29,978 110,586 \$ 201,894	\$ 61,330 39,378 110,586 \$ 211,294	
COMPONENT UNITS Mortgages Other Total TOTAL INVESTMENTS			\$ 43,120 23,532 \$ 66,652 \$1,751,305	\$ 43,120 30,173 \$ 73,293 \$1,820,804	

At June 30, 1995, the Board of Investments had securities in Risk Category 2 with a market value of \$365,272,000 on loan under a security lending agreement with the State's agent.

#### 5. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed asset valuation is based on actual or estimated historical cost or, in the case of donations, fair market value on the date donated. Infrastructure fixed assets are generally not capitalized by the Primary Government or its component units. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized for general fixed assets or fixed asset of the higher education units.

Fixed assets are not depreciated in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the appropriate Governmental Fund. Fixed assets in Proprietary, Nonexpendable Trust and Pension Trust Funds are accounted for within their respective funds. Expendable Trust Funds do not show fixed assets within their funds because they are purchased by other funds. Fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis with estimated useful lives of 30 to 50 years for buildings, 20 years for improvements and 4 to 12 years for equipment. Fixed assets and intangible assets for Higher Education Units are accounted for in the Investment in Plant Fund and are not depreciated.

Intrafund transfers of fixed assets have not been eliminated in the table below.

Changes in fixed asset balances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, are reflected in the following table (in thousands):

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	Balance July 1, 1994		Additions/ Transfers		Deletions/ Transfers		Balance June 30, 1995	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS Land Buildings/Improvements Equipment	\$	1,036 4,338 119,671	\$	- 150 1,746	\$	- 1 3,670	\$	1,036 4,487 30,747
Other Fixed Assets Construction in Progress Subtotal/Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	11 1,125 126,181 (69,941)	3	238 3,023 3,157		3,700 7,371	_1	249 448 36,967 (76,741)
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,240</u>					<u>\$</u>	<u>60,226</u>
NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS Land	<u>\$</u>	49,399	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>49,399</u>

	Balance July 1, 1994	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 1995		
PENSION TRUST FUNDS Land Buildings/Improvements Equipment Subtotal/Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 25 277 135 437 (203)	\$ - 30 \$ 30	\$ - 60 \$ 60	\$ 25 277 105 407 (184)		
Total	<u>\$ 234</u>			<u>\$ 223</u>		
GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUN Land Buildings/Improvements Equipment Other Fixed Assets Construction in Progress	\$ 56,536 241,266 91,061 44,116 4,149	\$ 2,801 15,293 11,506 280 5,300	\$ 1,511 5,703 10,099 40 2,192	\$ 57,826 250,856 92,468 44,356 		
Total	<u>\$ 437,128</u>	<u>\$ 35,180</u>	<u>\$ 19,545</u>	<u>\$ 452,763</u>		
COMPONENT UNITS						
PROPRIETARY FUNDS Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Total	\$ 2,598 (898) 1,700	<u>\$ 1,416</u>	<u>\$ 546</u>	\$ 3,468 <u>(1,240)</u> \$ 2,228		
PENSION TRUST FUND Land Buildings/Improvements Equipment Subtotal/Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 35 158 159 352 (171)	\$ - 11 <u>\$11</u>	\$ - - - \$	\$ 35 158 170 363 (191)		
Total	<u>\$ 181</u>			<u>\$172</u>		
HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDS Land Buildings/Improvements Equipment Other Fixed Assets Construction in Progress Intangible Assets	12,682 293,797 109,490 67,544 9,376 	\$ 25 5,173 12,740 3,355 42,393 	\$ 310 738 3,501 350 190 8	\$ 12,397 298,232 118,729 70,549 51,579 2,357		
Total	<u>\$ 495,062</u>	<u>\$ 63,878</u>	\$ 5,097	<u>\$ 553,843</u>		

#### 6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

A. <u>Defined Contribution Plans</u> - Effective January 1, 1988 through June 30, 1993, eligible employees of the Montana University System (MUS) could elect to participate in the Optional Retirement Program (ORP). The ORP is a defined contribution retirement plan governed by Title 19, Chapter 21 of the Montana Code Annotated. The plan is underwritten by the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association-College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF) and only faculty and staff with contracts under the authority of the Board of Regents may participate. Those faculty and staff members who did not elect the ORP participate in the Teachers' Retirement System, a defined benefit plan discussed in the next section. Beginning July 1, 1993, membership in the ORP is mandatory for eligible employees new to the MUS.

The benefits at retirement depend upon the amount of contributions, amount of investment gains and losses and the employee's life expectancy at retirement. Under the ORP, each employee enters into an individual contract with TIAA-CREF. Individuals are immediately vested with all contributions. Higher education units record employee/employer contribution expenditures in the affected higher education subfund when remitting contributions to the Commissioner of Higher Education. These moneys are recorded in the Custodial Accounts Agency Fund. The Commissioner's Office then wire transfers the contributions to TIAA-CREF. The MUS is not liable for asset management or for providing benefits after the required contributions have been made to TIAA-CREF. Approximately 1,621 employees are members of the ORP. Employee contributions are 7.044% of salary and employer contributions are 4.956% of salary for a total of 12% of salary contributed to the ORP.

Covered Payroll Total Payroll	TIAA-CREF (in thousands) \$ 39,424 176,390
Employer Contributions Percent of Covered Payroll	\$ 1,955 4.959%
Employee Contributions Percent of Covered Payroll	\$ 2,778 7.046%

B. <u>Defined Benefit Plans</u> - The State contributes to and/or administers eight retirement systems and one pension plan in four categories: (1) the State as the single employer; (2) the State as an employer contributor to cost-sharing multiple-employer plans; (3) the State as a nonemployer contributor to cost-sharing multiple employer plans; and (4) the State as a nonemployer contributor.

The number of years required to obtain vested rights varies among the systems. All systems provide early retirement options, death benefits, termination (except VFCA) and disability benefits. All systems (except VFCA) provide post-retirement benefits. Post-retirement benefits for the GWRS, PERS, TRS and SRS are based on investment yield, retirees' total years of service, age and option chosen at the time of retirement. Post-retirement adjustments are made only in years when funding is available and do not increase the unfunded liability of the system. The post-retirement benefits of each of the remaining systems are included in the plan descriptions below.

The funding policies for each system provide for periodic employer and employee contributions (except VFCA) at rates specified by state law; contribution requirements are not actuarially determined. An actuary determines the actuarial implications of the funding requirement in a biennial actuarial valuation. The actuarial method used to determine the implications of the statutory funding level is the entry age normal funding method, with both normal cost and amortization of the unfunded accrued liability determined as a level percentage of payroll. To maintain a fund on an actuarially sound basis, the rate of contributions should fund the normal cost in addition to amortizing the unfunded liability over a period not to exceed 40 years. The <u>Contributions Required (R) by State/Actual (A) Contributions</u> section contains the number of years needed to fund the normal cost and amortize the unfunded liability. Additionally, each system functions uniquely as described below:

#### (1) State as the Single Employer

HPORS - Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System - This system, established in 1971 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 6 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement benefits for all uniformed members of the Montana Highway Patrol, including supervisory personnel. Member and State contributions are 9% and 36.28%, respectively, of total salaries of active highway patrol officers. For members hired on or before July 1, 1985, there is no minimum age, but minimum service is 20 years for benefit eligibility. A member hired after July 1, 1985, must be 50 years old and have 20 years of creditable service for benefit eligibility. The service retirement benefit is based on a formula of 2.5% times the number of years of service times the final average salary. Post-retirement benefits are in the form of minimum benefit supplements which ensure the retiree's benefit is no less than 2% of a probationary highway patrol officer's salary for each year of the retiree's service, with the annual increase not to exceed 5% of the benefit. Members retired prior to July 1, 1991, who are at least age 55 and have been retired a minimum of five years, will also receive a lump sum payment. This lump sum payment is funded by a registration fee of 25 cents per vehicle license. Rights are vested after five years of service.

JRS - <u>Judges' Retirement System</u> - This system, established in 1967 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 5 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement benefits for all district court judges, justices of the Supreme Court, and the Chief Water Judge. Members contribute 7% of their salary and the State contributes 6% of active judges' salaries, district court fees equal to 34.71% of members' salaries, and 25% of Supreme Court fees. For benefit eligibility, minimum service is 5 years and minimum age is 65. The monthly retirement benefit formula is 3 1/3% times the number of years of service (to a maximum of 15 years) times 1/12 the current annual salary, plus 1.785% of such salary for each year of service after 15 years. JRS retirees receive increases in benefits at the same rate as salary increases are granted to active members through legislative action. Rights are vested after five years of creditable service.

**GWRS** - <u>Game Wardens' Retirement System</u> - This system, established in 1963 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 8 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement services for all persons employed as a game warden, including all supervisory personnel. The member contributes 7.9% of salary and the State contributes 7.15% of active game wardens's salaries, plus all collections from fines and forfeited bonds related to fish and game law violations. For benefit eligibility, minimum age is 50 and minimum years of service are 20. A member may retire with ten years of service at age 55. The yearly retirement benefit formula is 2% times the number of years of service times the final average salary. Investment earnings in excess of 8%, if any, are used to provide post-retirement increases. Rights are vested after ten years of service.

#### (2) State as an Employer Contributor to a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer

PERS - <u>Public Employees' Retirement System</u> - This mandatory system, established in 1945 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 3 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement services to substantially all public employees not covered by another public system. The contribution rate is 6.70% of gross wages for both employees and employers. Benefit eligibility is age 60 with at least 5 years of service; age 65 regardless of service; or 30 years of

service regardless of age. Actuarially reduced benefits may be taken with 25 years of service or at age 50 with at least five years of service. Monthly retirement benefits are determined by taking the greater of: (1) 1/56 times the number of years of service times the final average salary times any early retirement reduction if necessary or (2) a monthly annuity that is the actuarial equivalent of twice the member's accumulated regular contributions. Investment earnings in excess of 8%, if any, are used to provide post-retirement increases based on members' years of service, age and option chosen at the time of retirement. Members' rights are vested after 5 years of service.

TRS - <u>Teachers' Retirement System</u> - This mandatory system, established in 1937 and governed by Title 19, Chapter 20 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement services to all persons employed as teachers or professional staff of any public elementary or secondary school, or unit of the university system. Member and employer contributions are 7.044% and 7.47%, respectively, of gross salaries. Eligibility is met with a minimum of 25 years of service or age 60 with 5 years of creditable service. The formula for annual benefits is 1/60 times creditable service years times the final average compensation. Rights are vested after five years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50 and receive reduced retirement benefits.

SRS - Sheriffs' Retirement System - This system, established in 1974 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 7 of the Montana Code Annotated, covers all sheriffs, as well as all State Department of Justice investigators hired after July 1, 1993. The member contribution is 7% of salary; the employer contribution is 7.67% of salary. Minimum years of service for normal service retirement eligibility are 24 for members employed prior to July 1, 1989. For members employed on or after July 1, 1989, the minimum years of service are 24 and the minimum age is 50. The service retirement benefit is calculated at 2.0834% of the final average salary for each year of creditable service, up to a maximum of 50% of final salary, plus 1.35% of the final average salary for each year of service in excess of 24 years, up to a maximum of 60% of final salary. Reduced benefits for early retirement may be taken with a minimum of 15 years of service and a minimum age of 50. Investment earnings in excess of 8%, if any, are used to provide postemployment increases. Rights are vested after 5 years of service if involuntarily terminated, and after 15 years if termination is voluntary.

# (3) State as a Nonemployer Contributor to a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer

MPORS - Municipal Police Officers' Retirement System - The system, established in 1975 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 9 of the Montana Code Annotated, covers all municipal police officers of cities covered by the plan. The member contribution is 7.8% of salary for members employed prior to July 1, 1975; 9% of salary for members employed after June 30, 1975, and prior to July 1, 1979; and 10.5% of salary for members employed after June 30, 1979. City contributions are 14.36% of active police officers' salaries. The State contributes 15.66% of active police officers' salaries. The State's contribution is funded from the premium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance policies. Minimum years of service are 10 for benefit eligibility at age 50, or 20 years of service at any age. The service retirement benefit is 2.5% times the number of years of service times the final average salary. The post-retirement benefit is the amount needed to ensure that the retiree's benefit is no less than 50% of the base salary of a newly confirmed police officer. These post-retirement benefits are paid directly by the insurance premium tax fund and are in addition to the actuarially determined contributions to the system. Rights are vested after ten years of service.

FURS - Firefighters' Unified Retirement System - This system, established in 1981 and governed by Title 19, Chapters 2 & 13 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides retirement benefits for all paid firefighters. The member contribution is 6% of base compensation, and city contributions are 13.02% of total annual compensation. The State contribution is 23.27% of total annual compensation for all firefighters and is paid out of the insurance premium tax fund. Minimum age is 50 and minimum service is 10 years for benefit eligibility. For members hired prior to July 1, 1981, with at least 20 years of service, the monthly service retirement benefit is equal to 1/2 of the final monthly compensation received plus an additional 1% for each year in excess of 20 years, up to a maximum retirement benefit of 60% of final monthly compensation. Members hired on or after July 1, 1981 receive a service retirement benefit equal to 2% of final average salary for each year of service up to a maximum of 30 years. Post-retirement benefits require that each retiree receive at least 50% of the salary paid a newly confirmed active firefighter. The cost of this adjustment for members retired prior to July 1, 1973 and for members hired on or after July 1, 1981 is paid from the fire insurance premium tax fund, provided funds are available. Rights are vested after ten years of service.

# (4) State as a Nonemployer Contributor

VFCA - Volunteer Firefighters' Compensation Act - This compensation program, established in 1965 and governed by Title 19, Chapter 17 of the Montana Code Annotated, provides medical benefits and pension, disability and death benefits for all volunteer firefighters who are members of eligible volunteer fire companies in unincorporated areas of the state. The State contribution is 5% of fire insurance premium taxes collected. This retirement system is required by law to be fully funded and cannot pay benefits unless money is available. Rights are vested after 10 years of qualified service.

### C. Actuarial Data

Actuarial valuations are performed every two years. Hendrickson, Miller & Associates Inc., Helena, MT, prepared the actuary reports for the retirement systems, excluding TRS. Milliman & Robertson, Inc., of Seattle, WA., performed the actuarial valuation for TRS. With the exception of the VFCA, which discloses information as of June 30, 1993, the following tables disclose various information by retirement system (dollar amounts expressed in thousands) as of June 30, 1995. Although specific total payroll amounts are not available, substantially all of total payroll is covered.

								COMP
	HPORS	JRS		MARY GOVE PERS SF	RNMENT RS MPORS	FURS	VFCA	<u>UNIT</u> TRS
Membership Receiving Benefits Vested Term. Employee	229	46 1			118 490 20 13	414	672 412	7,736 1,130
Non-vested Term. Employees Vested Active Employees	e 4 123	23	1 45	7,370	98 30 847 204	51 256	1,870 2,030	6,201 11,353
Non-vested Active Employe Total		<u>21</u> <u>91</u>	<u>35</u>	8,012 2	207 <u>305</u> 790 <u>1,042</u>	158 885	708 5,692	6,709 33,129
Plan Descriptions Total Covered Payroll State Covered Payroll	\$ 5,410 \$ 5,410		\$ 2,343 \$6 \$ 2,343 \$3	02,215 \$15,9 13,424 7	926 \$14,288 720 N/A	\$12,790 N/A		466,310 665,833
		PRIM	MARY GOV	ERNMENT				
Funding Status & Progress	HPORS	JRS	GWRS	PERS	SRS			
Last Actuarial Valuation Actuarial Update Return on Investments	7/01/94 6/30/95 8.0%	7/01/94 6/30/95 8.0%	6/30/95	7/01/94 6/30/95 8.0%	7/01/9 <b>4</b> 6/30/95 8.0%			
Projected Salary Increases: Inflation	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.25%	6.0%			
Merit	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE	NONE			
Changes In Post-retirement	6.0%	6.0%	NONE	NONE	NONE			
PBO (1): Retirees,beneficiaries (2) Current Employees (3) Employer-financed vested	\$41,078 6,008 15,919	\$18,276 1,321 5,245	2,863	\$ 754,751 394,366 424,162	\$11,795 12,894 20,888			
Employer-financed non- vested	1,063	1,324	365	18,141	1,966			
Total PBO Net Assets Available for	\$64,068	\$26,166		\$1,591,420	\$47,543			
Benefits at Cost*	\$38,928	\$20,401		\$1,276,856	<u>\$55,527</u>			
Unfunded PBO Assets in Excess of PBO	<u>\$25,140</u>	\$ 5,765	<u>\$ 1,244</u>	<u>\$_314,564</u>	<b>\$</b> 7,984			
*At Market Value	<u>\$43,599</u>	\$22,895	<u>\$17,197</u>	<u>\$1,483,182</u>	<u>\$61,311</u>			
	MPORS	FURS	VFCA	TOTAL PRIM GOVT	COMP <u>UNIT</u> TRS			
Funding Status & Progress Last Actuarial Valuation	7/01/94	7/01/94			7/01/94			
Acturial Update Return on Investments	6/30/95 8.0%	6/30/95 8.0%	N/A		6/30/95 8.0%			
Projected Salary Increases:	0.007	0.00/	(4)		0.00/			
Inflation Merit	6.0% NONE	6.0% NONE	(4)		6.0% .5%			
Changes In Post-retirement	NONE	6.0%	NONÉ		NONE			
PBO (1): Retirees, beneficiaries (2) Current Employees (3) Employer-financed vested Employer-financed non-	\$53,796 11,766 24,755	\$ 54,993 12,030 54,504	8,435	\$ 953,9103 449,683 548,338	\$ 830,372 493,519 341,932			
vested Total PBO Net Assets Available for	<u>5,763</u> \$96,080	4,552 \$126,079	N/A \$17,555	33,174 \$1,985,105	<u>15,470</u> \$1,681,293			
Benefits at Cost* Unfunded PBO	\$57,610 \$38,470	\$ 56,473 \$ 69,606		\$1,530,715 \$ 454,390	\$1,067,110 \$ 614,183			
Assets in Excess of PBO				<u>\$ 7,984</u>				
*At Market Value	<u>\$62,955</u>	\$ 60,913	<u>\$10,522</u>	\$1,764,829	\$1,309,100			

# Contributions Required (R) by Statute/Actual (A) Contributions (5) (Statute Req. is Actuarially Determined)

			DDI	MARY GO	WERNME	-NT			COMP UNIT
	HPORS	JRS	GWRS	PERS	SRS		FURS	VFCA	TRS
Total Contributions	\$ 2,961	\$ 950	\$ 545	\$80,653	\$2,598	\$ 6,383	\$ 5,605 (4)	\$ 766	\$76,855
Normal Cost % Of Covered Payroll	1,397 25.82%	935 39.43%	359 15.32%	61,486 10.21%	2,196 13.79%	3,222 22.55%	2,434 19.03%	401 N/A	44,271 9.49%
Amort Unfunded Liab % of Covered Payroll	1,564 28.91%	15 .62%	186 7.94%	19,167 3.18%	402 2.52%	3,161 22.12%	3,171 24.79%	404 N/A	32,584 6.99%
Years Req. to Fund Normal Co & Amortize Unfunded Liab.	ost 26.35	8.59	.43	16.12	-	16.65	25.46	(4)	31.7
Employer Contributions (A) % of Covered Payroll (A) % of Covered Payroll (R)	\$ 1,521 28.12% 36.28%	\$ 166 6.98% 6.0%	\$ 186 7.93% 7.15%	\$39,109 6.49% 6.70%	8.10%	\$ 2,527 17.69% 14.36%	\$ 1,715 13.41% 13.02%		\$39,073 8.379% 7.470%
State Contributions (A) % of Employer Cont. (A)	\$ 1,521 100%	\$ 166 100%	\$ 170 100%	\$20,999 53.7%		-	-	-	\$ 5,562 14.2%
Employee Contributions (A) % of Covered Payroll (A) % of Covered Payroll (R)	\$ 573 10.59% 9.0%	\$ 193 8.15% 7.0%	\$ 204 8.71% 7.9%	\$41,344 6.87% 6.70%	8.22%		\$ 805 6.29% 6.0%	-	\$ 37,782 8.102% 7.044%
Other Contributions (A) % of Covered Payroll (A) % of Covered Payroll (R)	\$ 867 16.02% (7)	\$ 591 24.92% (8)	\$ 156 6.67% (9)	\$ 200 .03%		\$ 2,266 15.86% (10)	\$ 3,084 24.12% (11)	\$ 766 N/A N/A	-

- (1) The amounts shown as the PBO ("Pension Benefit Obligation") are standardized disclosure measures of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the system on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the systems. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the annual evaluations are the assumptions used in the PBO determination.
- (2) Retirees, beneficiaries receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits.
- (3) Current employees accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment earnings.
- (4) This retirement plan is required to be fully funded and cannot pay benefits unless money is available. Contributions were not sufficient to fund future benefits and amortize the existing unfunded liability over a period of 30 years.
- (5) Actual percentages exceed required percentages (unless otherwise footnoted) because contributions include amounts for buybacks.
- (6) For members employed before July 1, 1975, contributions are 7.8% of salary; for members employed on or after July 1, 1975, and prior to July 1, 1979, contributions are 9% of salary; for members employed on or after July 1, 1979, contributions are 10.5% of salary.
- (7) Other contributions include fees from drivers' licenses and vehicle registrations.
- (8) Other contributions consist of District Court Fees equal to 34.71% of covered payroll and 25% of Supreme Court Fees. However, during the year ended June 30, 1995, actual contributions did not cover the year's normal cost.
- (9) Other contributions include all collections from fines and forfeited bonds related to fish and game law violations.
- (10) The \$2,266,000 contribution by the State equals 15.66% of active policemen's salaries and is contributed from a premium tax on motor vehicle property and casualty insurance policies. A \$1,860,000 supplemental amount for post-retirement benefits for members with a minimum of 20 years of service at retirement is not included. The State's contribution is 47.3% of total Employer and Other contributions.
- (11) The \$3,084,000 contribution by the State equals 23.27% of total firefighters' compensation and is contributed from a premium tax on insurance risks. A \$1,093,000 supplemental amount for post-retirement benefits for retired members is not included. The State's contribution is 64.3% of total Employer and Other contributions.

#### D. Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Trend information is available starting in fiscal year 1988 for HPORS, JRS, GWRS, PERS, TRS, MPORS, FURS, and SRS and can be found in the annual reports of these retirement systems.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**Analysis of Funding Progress** 

		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						COMP	
		<b>HPORS</b>	JRS	<b>GWRS</b>	PERS	SRS	MPORS	FURS	TRS
Net Assets Available for Benefits Expressed as a % of PBO (Percentage Funded)	1993 1994 1995	57.0% 58.6% 60.8%	75.6% 80.2% 78.0%	91.1%	81.4%	128.2% 123.5% 116.8%	58.6%		63.0%
Unfunded PBO, Expressed as a % of Annual Covered Payroll  *Assets in Excess of PBO, Express	1993 1994 1995	460.5% 464.7%	171.6% 243.1%	53.1%	47.8% 52.2%	61.0%*	293.1% 275.1% 269.2%	505.5%	131.0%
Assets in Excess of 1 DO, Express	cu as a	70 OI 7 WIII G	ai cover	ou i uyio					
Employer Contributions Expressed as a % of Annual Covered Payroll	1993 1994 1995	27.58% 27.43% 28.12%	6.00% 5.98% 6.98%		6.70%	7.57%	14.36% 14.31% 17.69%	13.00%	8.89%

#### 7. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, Retirement Systems, the following postemployment benefits are provided:

The State provides 18 to 36 months optional postemployment health care benefits in accordance with Public Law 99-272, known as the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Reconciliation Act (COBRA) to the following employees and dependents who elect to continue and pay administratively established premiums: (1) employees who are receiving employee health care benefits at the time they discontinue State employment and (2) dependents who lose dependent eligibility. At June 30, 1995, 133 individuals were receiving these benefits.

In accordance with section 2-18-704, MCA, the State also provides optional postemployment health care benefits to the following employees and dependents who elect to continue coverage and pay administratively established premiums: (1) employees who retire under applicable retirement provisions and (2) surviving dependents of deceased employees. Retirement eligibility criteria differ by retirement system (See Note 6). Administratively established premiums vary between \$107 and \$279 per month depending on the medical plan selected, family coverage and Medicare eligibility. The State acts as secondary payor for Medicare-eligible claimants. As of June 30, 1995, 2,736 retirees were receiving health care benefits.

The State reimburses all validated medical claims less member obligations (annual deductibles and co-payments of the members' selected medical plan). Dental claims are reimbursed at 50% to 100% depending on the services provided. The State funds claims on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the fiscal year, expenditures of \$9,267,567 were recognized for postemployment health care benefits. Of this amount, \$7,294,883 was covered by former employees' premium contributions leaving \$1,972,684 of claims in excess of premium revenue that was paid by the State.

In accordance with 2-18-702, MCA, the Montana University System (MUS) provides postretirement health insurance benefits to eligible employees who receive a retirement benefit from the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), or an annuity under the Optional Retirement Plan (ORP). Spouses, unmarried dependent children, and surviving spouses are also eligible. Administratively established premiums vary between \$120 and \$338 per month and are revised annually. Medicare eligible plan members are assumed to be Medicare-insured. After an annual \$250 deductible, MUS reimburses 80% of the first \$3,000 in medical claims and 100% thereafter. The plan automatically reduces claim reimbursements for members eligible for Medicare even if not enrolled in Medicare. As of June 1995, 1,161 retirees are enrolled in the MUS plan. Funding for the retiree health plan is on a pay-as-you-go basis. Based on amounts recorded through June 1995, estimated expenditures of \$3,225,523 were recognized for postemployment health care benefits. Of this amount, \$2,346,018, was covered by premiums paid by retirees and \$879,504 was paid by the MUS.

#### 8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Since 1976, the State of Montana has offered a deferred compensation plan which allows employees to set aside a portion of their salary each payday towards retirement while deferring the State and Federal income taxes until future years. The payroll deferrals are invested with Nationwide Insurance. All employees of the State are eligible to participate. The plan operates under the sanction of both State and Federal laws (Title 19, Chapter 50, MCA, and Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code). The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the State (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the State's general creditors. In the past, the plan assets have been used for no purpose other than to pay benefits. The State believes it is unlikely it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future because of the contractual arrangement with Nationwide Insurance and the State's obligation to participants for their account balance. State statute provides that the State and its political subdivisions are not liable for any investment losses incurred by any eligible deferred compensation plan. However, the State does have the duty of care required of an ordinary prudent investor. As of June 30, 1995, the net assets of the plan available for benefits totaled \$110.669 million.

The following table provides a summary of the increases and decreases of the Employees Deferred Compensation Agency Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, (in thousands):

Fund Assets (at market value), July 1, 1994	\$ 99,737
Deferrals of compensation	8,265
Earnings and adjustment to market value	9,537
Payments to eligible participants and beneficiaries	(6,428)
Administrative expenses	(442)
Fund Assets (at market value), June 30, 1995	<u>\$110,669</u>

## 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

There are two Primary Government public entity risk pools and two Component Unit public entity risk pools that are reported within the Enterprise Fund Type: Primary Government pools include Hail Insurance and Subsequent Injury Funds; Component Unit pools include State Compensation Insurance (New Fund) and State Compensation Insurance (Old Fund). Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are estimated based on the ultimate cost of settling the claims including the effects of inflation and other societal/economic factors. There are three Primary Government Other Than Public Entity Risk Pools reported within the Internal Service Fund Type: Group Employees Comprehensive Medical and Dental Plan, Montana University System (MUS) Group Benefits Plan and Property and Casualty Insurance Plans. In all of these funds there are no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, nor any insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage. None of these funds have acquisition costs; therefore, no cost is amortized for the period. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting. By statute, these funds cannot invest in common stock. Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Premiums and discounts are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the securities.

#### A. Public Entity Risk Pools

(1) <u>Hail Insurance</u> - Any Montana producer engaged in growing crops subject to destruction or damage by hail may participate in the hail insurance program. Approximately 1,989 producers participated in this program in 1995. This fund accounts for premium assessments paid by producers for crop acreage insured, investment and interest earnings, administrative costs and claims paid for hail damage. Depending upon the actuarial soundness of the reserve fund and the damage in a season, producers may receive a refund. Anticipated investment income is considered in computing a premium deficiency of which there is none.

A claim must be submitted to the State Board of Hail Insurance within fourteen days of a loss occurrence. The claim must indicate whether the grain is stemming, in the boot, heading out, in the milk, in the stiff dough, ready to bind, or combine. If beans, peas or other crops are damaged, the growth-stage must also be indicated. Inspection of a crop will occur as promptly as possible after claim receipt and no later than September 30. The insurance only covers loss or damage to growing grain which exceeds 5% destruction by hail.

The fund recorded a liability of \$642,503 based on claims submitted for losses through June 30, 1995. Any crop insurance liability is paid to producers within one year of occurrence; therefore, liabilities are not discounted. The fund has no excess insurance, reinsurance, or annuity contracts.

(2) <u>Subsequent Injury</u> - This fund provides benefits to workers certified as vocationally handicapped who are injured on the job and entitled to benefits under the Workers' Compensation or Occupational Disease Act at the time of injury. The liability of the insurer for payment of compensation benefits is limited to 104 weeks of benefits actually paid. This fund will reimburse the insurer for all benefits paid after this 104 week time period. In Montana, there are 1,827 individuals certified as vocationally handicapped.

Workers' compensation insurance premium experience modification factors are influenced by the 2 year limitation and employers may experience an insurance premium reduction. Therefore, this fund provides employers with a potential incentive for hiring the certified vocationally handicapped.

This fund makes no provision for insured events of the current year. All Montana insurers are annually assessed an amount of up to 5% of each insurer's compensation payments for the previous fiscal year. An estimated liability is recorded based on a projected cost (case-by-case) analysis of each injured, certified, vocationally handicapped worker. As of June 30, 1995 the amount of this liability is estimated to be \$1,039,000.

(3) <u>State Compensation Insurance (New Fund)</u> - Liability coverage to employers for injured employees who are insured under the Workers' Compensation and Occupational Disease Acts of Montana and workers' compensation claims occurring on or after July 1, 1990, are reported in the New Fund. The New Fund must insure any employer who desires coverage. At fiscal year-end, approximately 25,607 employers were insured with the New Fund. Montana state governmental agencies must obtain their workers' compensation coverage through the New Fund. Anticipated investment income is considered for computing a premium deficiency and employers must pay premiums to the New Fund within specified time frames.

An actuarial study prepared by Tillinghast, a Towers Perrin company, as of June 30, 1995, has estimated liabilities and the ultimate cost of settling claims that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation and changes in the law, claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and societal factors.

A provision for inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claim costs because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. At June 30, 1995, \$541,373,699 of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are presented at their net present value of \$395,837,222. These claims are discounted at an annual rate of 5.75% (See Note 14).

The New Fund uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the fund as direct insurer. The New Fund did not deduct any claim liabilities related to potential reinsurance recoverable. When the New Fund purchases annuity contracts, the claim is settled in full and on a final basis; all liability of the New Fund is terminated.

Statute requires the New Fund set premiums at least annually at a level sufficient to ensure adequate funding of the insurance program during the period the rates will be in effect.

- (4) State Compensation Insurance (Old Fund) The liability and payment of workers' compensation claims for incidents occurring before July 1, 1990, are reported in the Old Fund. Funding for claim payments is provided by old fund liability taxes (OFLT) imposed on employers' payroll (0.5%), employees' wages (0.2%) and sole proprietors and subchapter S shareholders' distributive income (0.2%). The OFLT will provide funding for old fund claims and bond payments (see Note 12 G(3)). An actuarial study prepared by Tillinghast, a Towers Perrin company, as of June 30, 1995, was used to estimate liabilities and the ultimate cost of settling claims that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 1995, \$295,748,844 of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are presented at face value. This fund generates little interest earnings, does not discount estimated claims liabilities, and does not compute a premium deficiency (See Note 14).
- (5) <u>Changes in Claims Liabilities For the Past Two Years</u> As indicated above, these funds establish liabilities for both reported and unreported insured events including estimates of future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following tables present changes (in thousands) in those aggregate liabilities during the past two years. All information in these tables is presented at face value and has not been discounted.

Primary Government	HAIL IN 1995	ISURANCE 1994	<u>SUBSEQU</u> 1995	ENT INJURY 1994
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of year	<u>\$ 708</u>	<u>\$ 495</u>	\$ 968	<u>\$1,061</u>
Incurred claims and claim adjust- ment expenses: Provision for insured events of the current year	1,023	2,226	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	( 350)	(33)	165	103
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	<u>673</u>	2,193	165	103
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to	(380)	(1,518)	-	-
insured events of prior years	<u>(358</u> )	<u>(462</u> )	<u>(94</u> )	<u>(196</u> )
Total payment	<u>(738</u> )	<u>(1,980</u> )	<u>(94</u> )	<u>(196</u> )
Total unpaid claims and claim adjust. exp. at end of the year	<u>\$ 643</u>	<u>\$ 708</u>	<u>\$1,039</u>	<u>\$_968</u>

Component Units	STATE COMF INSUR (NEW F 1995	ANCE	INSU	IPENSATION RANCE FUND) 1994
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of year	<u>\$509,020</u>	<u>\$404,706</u>	<u>\$339,485</u>	<u>\$365,249</u>
Incurred claims and claim adjust- ment expenses: Provision for insured events of the current year	173,327	184,039	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	(63,249)	(3,952)	(3,795)	2,975
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	110,078	180,087	(3,795)	2,975
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior years	(18,137) (59, <u>5</u> 87)	(18,693) (57, <u>080</u> )	- (39,941)	- (28,739)
Total payment	<u>(77,724</u> )	(75,773)	(39,941)	(28,739)
Total unpaid claims and claim adjust. exp. at end of the year	<u>\$541,374</u>	<u>\$509,020</u>	<u>\$295,749</u>	<u>\$339,485</u>

## (6) Risk Management Trend Information

The following table only presents risk management trend information for the State Compensation Insurance (New Fund). Only the New Fund has a three to five year development cycle contemplated by GASB Statement 10. The State Compensation Insurance (Old Fund) does not charge a premium for its services; its funding source is the old fund liability tax. The Hail Insurance Fund pays claims within a calendar year cycle that parallels the growing season from spring planting to fall harvesting; therefore, it has no three to five year development cycle. State statute limits the payment of claims and the collection of premiums (and penalties) for the Subsequent Injury Fund from any developmental cycle.

The table below illustrates how the earned revenues (net of reinsurance) of the New Fund and its investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the fund as of the end of the fiscal year (in thousands). Section 3 shows the fund's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). Section 4 shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. Section 5 shows how each policy year's incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known. Section 6 compares the latest reestimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (Section 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. This table will be expanded and revised as data for successive policy years develops.

	STATE COMPENSATION INSURANCE (NEW FUND)							
	<u>1991</u>	1992	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>			
Net earned required contribution and investment revenues	\$ 113,734	\$144,035	\$181,715	\$191,794	\$156,782			
2. Unallocated expenses including overhead	6,048	8,232	9,325	9,090	11,303			
<ol> <li>Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year</li> </ol>	137,237	183,425	186,480	199,890	164,824			
4. Paid (cumulative) as of: End of policy year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later	17,618 44,335 64,079 74,901 81,747	20,244 50,576 68,837 77,950	18,347 46,343 62,717	18,693 45,947	18,137			

	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u>	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
<ol> <li>Reestimated incurred claims and expense:         End of policy year         One year later         Two years later         Three years later         Four years later</li> </ol>	137,237 166,980 160,272 151,554 138,180	183,425 184,968 175,218 156,660	186,480 184,030 161,045	199,890 176,979	164,824
<ol><li>Increase (decrease) in estimated incurred claims and expense from end of policy year</li></ol>	943	(26,765)	(25,435)	(22,911)	

#### B. Other Than Public Entity Risk Pools

- (1) <u>Group Employee Comprehensive Medical and Dental Plan</u> This plan is fully self-insured, with the State assuming all the risk for claims incurred by employees of the State, elected officials, retirees and their dependents. There is no third party coverage. Premiums are collected through payroll deductions, deductions through the Public Employees' Retirement System and self-payment and are recorded as revenue in the Employees' Group Benefits Internal Service Fund. At June 30, 1995, estimates for claims liabilities, which include incurred but not reported claims, are \$6,759,693 and are based on a formula provided by Martin E. Segal Company, a consulting actuarial firm. A liability is recorded in the accompanying financial statements for these estimated claims.
- (2) Montana University System (MUS) Group Benefits Plan This plan was authorized by the Regents to provide medical, dental, and vision insurance coverage to employees of the Montana University System, the Montana Higher Education Student Assistance Corporation (MHESAC), and the State Bar of Montana, as well as their dependents, retirees, and COBRA members. The MUS Group Benefits Plan is fully self-insured. United of Omaha is the claims administrator on the plan. Managed Care Montana (Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Montana) has a contract for utilization management. The utilization management program consists of hospital pre-authorization, case management and medical necessity review. Premiums are collected from employees through payroll deductions and recorded in the MUS Group Insurance Internal Service Fund. The estimated claims liability is estimated to be \$3,200,000 as of June 30, 1995, based on prior year experience. A liability is recorded in the accompanying financial statements for these estimated claims.
- (3) Property & Casualty Insurance Plans This self-insurance plan provides coverage for general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, retail liquor stores inventory and State-administered foreclosure housing units. The State self-insures the \$150,000 deductible per occurrence for most property insurance as well as various deductible amounts for other state property. The state also self-insures against losses of equipment below \$150,000 of value, with state agencies paying the first \$1,000. Commercial property insurance protects over \$1.7 billion of state owned buildings and contents. The state property insurance includes earthquake and flood protection to \$100 million annually with deductibles of \$1 million for earthquake and \$500,000 for flood per occurrence. Premiums are collected from all State agencies including Component Units and recorded as revenue in the Administration Insurance Internal Service

A biennial actuarial study, prepared by Tillinghast, a Towers Perrin Company, and issued for the accident period 7/1/88 through 6/30/94, is the basis for estimating the liability for unpaid claims and is supported by historical loss data. The June 30, 1995, estimated claims liability of \$19,329,016, discounted at 15%, includes those claims incurred but not reported and is recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

(4) <u>Changes in Claims Liabilities For the Past Two Years</u> - These funds establish liabilities for both reported and incurred but not reported claims. The following table presents changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years (in thousands):

		mployees <u>II &amp; Dental</u> <u>1994</u>		Group nefits 1994	Prop. & Casualty Insurance 1995 1994		
Amount of claims liabilities at the beginning of each fiscal year	<u>\$ 6,117</u>	\$ 5,993	\$ 3,200	\$ 3,200	<u>\$17,421</u>	<u>\$15,431</u>	
Incurred claims: Provision for insured events of the current year Increases (Decreases) in provision for insured events of prior years	35,306 643	29,363 124	16,983	13,558	6,584 (498)	5,985 (813)	
Total incurred claims	35,949	29,487	16,983	13,558	<u>6,086</u>	5,172	
Payments: Claims attributable to insured events of the current year Claims attritutable to insured	(35,306)	(29,363)	(16,983)	(13,558)	(1,146)	(889)	
events of prior years Total Payments	(35,306)	(29,363)	<u>(16,983</u> )	(13,558)	(3,032) (4,178)	(2,293) (3,182)	
Total claims liability at end of each fiscal year	<u>\$ 6,760</u>	<u>\$ 6,117</u>	<u>\$ 3,200</u>	\$ 3,200	<u>\$19,329</u>	<u>\$17,421</u>	

#### 10. COMMITMENTS

- **A.** <u>Highway Construction</u> At June 30, 1995, the Department of Transportation had contractual commitments of approximately \$124.9 million for construction of various highway projects. Funding for these highway projects is to be provided from federal grants and matching state special revenue funds.
- **B.** <u>Capital Construction</u> At June 30, 1995, the Department of Administration, Architecture & Engineering Division, had commitments of approximately \$29.6 million for capital projects construction. The Primary Government will fund \$23.8 million of these projects with the remaining \$5.8 million coming from higher education funds.
- C. <u>Proprietary Fund Commitments</u> Fixed budgets are legally adopted in the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds, excluding depreciation, compensated absences and bad debt expense. Appropriations may be committed for goods/services that are not received as of fiscal year-end. These executory commitments are included in unreserved retained earnings in the accompanying financial statements as follows (in thousands):

## **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT**

Enterprise Funds Liquor Stores State Lottery Uninsured Employers Sec. of State Business Serv. Historical Society Publications Local Government Audits Subtotal-Enterprise Funds	**MOUNT \$ 44 2 4 34 16 30 ** 130
Internal Service Funds Highway Equipment ISD Admin. Insurance FWP Equipment Admin. Property & Supply Publications & Graphics Buildings & Grounds Labor Central Services Commerce Central Services DHES Indirect Cost Pool FWP Warehouse Inventory Aircraft Operation Investment Division Records Management Subtotal-Internal Service Funds	\$ 473 745 34 95 93 50 25 4 49 13 6 21 26 9 \$1,643
Total-Primary Government	<u>\$ 1,773</u>
COMPONENT UNITS	
Housing Authority State Compensation Insurance (New Fund) Subtotal-Component Units	\$ 22 1,818 \$ 1.840
Total- Proprietary Fund Types-Reporting Entity	<u>\$ 3,613</u>

# 11. LEASES/INSTALLMENT PURCHASES PAYABLE

The State has entered into various capital and operating leases for land, buildings, equipment and computer software. Lease contracts are required by law to contain a clause indicating continuation of the lease is subject to funding by the Legislature. It is expected that in the normal course of operations most of these leases will be replaced by similar leases.

A. <u>Capital Leases/Installment Purchases</u> - Changes in capitalized leases/installment purchases follow (in thousands):

Primary Government	Balance <u>July 1, 1994</u>	Additions (Deductions)	Balance <u>June 30, 1995</u>
General Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 1,527</u>	<u>\$ (279)</u> *	<u>\$ 1,248</u>
Proprietary Fund Types Enterprise Fund Internal Service Fund	\$ 113 <u>2,170</u>	\$ (57) (1,114)	\$ 56 
Total Proprietary Total-Primary Government	\$ 2,283 \$ 3,810	\$ (1,171) \$ 1,450)	\$ 1,112 \$ 2,360
Component Units			
Pension Trust Fund Higher Education Funds Total-Component Units	\$ 105 <u>\$ 3,088</u> <u>\$ 3,193</u>	\$ (18) \$ (841) \$ (859)	\$ 87 <u>\$ 2,247</u> <u>\$ 2,334</u>
Total Capitalized Leases/ Installment Purchases	<u>\$ 7,003</u>	<u>\$(2,309)</u>	<u>\$ 4,694</u>

<sup>\*</sup>This amount consists of \$642,000 of additions as inceptions; \$5,000 of additions as adjustments; and \$926,000 as deductions.

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases/installment purchases are as follows (in thousands):

_	Primary Government					Component Units					
	_on	neral g-Term igations		rietary F erprise	In	Types ternal ervice		nsion ust	Edu	her cation nds	<u>Totals</u>
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 After 2000	\$	693 343 158 109 71	\$	59 - - - - -	\$	588 363 165 12	\$	61 33 - - - -	\$1 	,426 525 332 106 25	\$ 2,827 1,264 655 227 96
Total minimum payments Less: Interest	s \$ —	1,374 <u>(126</u> )	\$ -	59 ( <u>3</u> )	<b>\$</b> 1	,128 <u>(72</u> )	\$	94 (7)		2,414 <u>(167</u> )	\$ 5,069 (375)
Present value of minimum payments	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,248</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>56</u>	<b>\$</b> 1	<u>,056</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>\$2</u>	2,247	<u>\$ 4,694</u>

**B.** <u>Operating Leases</u> - Total rental payments for operating leases in fiscal year 1995 were \$6,553,000. Future rental payments for operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year <u>Ending June 30</u>	Amount
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 After 2000	\$ 5,558 4,380 3,164 2,520 1,527 3,786
Total future rental payments	<u>\$20,935</u>

## 12. STATE DEBT

- **A.** <u>General Information</u> The State has no constitutional limit on its power to issue obligations or incur debt other than a provision that no debt may be created to cover deficits incurred because appropriations exceeded anticipated revenues. The Board of Examiners (consisting of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General) is authorized, pursuant to various enabling acts, to issue bonds and notes of the State.
- **B.** Short-Term Debt The Board of Examiners, upon recommendation of the Department of Administration, may issue notes in anticipation of the receipt of taxes and revenues. No notes may be issued to refund outstanding notes. The notes must be redeemed by the end of the fiscal year in which issued.

The Board of Investments (BOI) of the State of Montana is authorized to issue Municipal Finance Consolidation Act Bonds which may not aggregate more than \$50 million. The purpose of the bonds is to provide funds for the BOI to make loans to eligible local government units. The bonds are not in any way a debt or liability of the State of Montana. The bonds are limited obligations of the BOI payable solely from repayments of principal and interest on loans made by the BOI to participating local government units, investment income under the indenture and an irrevocable pledge by the BOI. The BOI has no taxing power. Bondholders may elect to have their bonds purchased by the Trustee on March 1 of each year until maturity. These issues are considered to be demand bonds and have been reclassified as short-term debt. The amounts issued and outstanding at June 30, 1995, are as follows (in thousands):

<u>Series</u>	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 1995</u>
1988 1991 1992 1994	\$ 5,000 5,000 6,500 7,500	\$ 910 4,890 6,365 
TOTAL		<u>\$19,580</u>

C. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> - The full faith, credit and taxing powers of the State are pledged for the payment of all general obligation debt. Revenue bonds and mortgage bonds are secured by a pledge from the facilities to which they relate and by certain other revenues, fees and assets of the State and the various colleges and universities. Long-term debt (excluding bonds/notes of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds discussed elsewhere in this footnote; Leases - Note 11 and Compensated Absences - Note 1) of the State at June 30, 1995, is as follows (in thousands):

General Obligation Debt	_Series	Amount Issued I	Interest		Payments In Year of Maturity (11) J	Balance une 30, 1995
Highway Bldg Complex Long-Range Bldg Program Water Development Program (1) Water Development Program (1) Water Development Program (1) Wastewater Treatment Works GO Refunding Energy Conservation Program (2) Long-Range Bldg Program Renewable Resource Development(1) Long-Range Bldg Program Wastewater Treatment Works Long-Range Bldg Program Energy Conservation Program (2) Renewable Resource Development (1)	1976 1985A 1988 1989B 1991A 1991B 1992 1993A 1993C 1994A 1994B 1994C 1994E	\$ 7,400 8,550 500 750 2,595 31,330 1,500 3,185 750 22,540 2,200 21,955 1,600 750	5.0 7.2-8.0 9.4 8.55 8.0-8.5 5.0-6.8 4.0-7.0 2.5-4.75 2.5-4.25 3.5-5.65 4.2-6.0 4.2-6.1 5.125-7.0 4.9-7.0 7.7-8.5	\$ 600 375 15 15 30 75 10,885 130 345 60 720 - 650 125 55	\$ 600 (1996) 150 (2001) 50 (2009) 50 (2010) 90 (2007) 215 (2014) 390 (2010) 180 (2004) 95 (2004) 1,725 (2014) 180 (2016) 1,790 (2015) 200 (2005) 105 (2005)	\$ 600 1,025 420 440 670 2,460 19,160 1,375 2,845 690 21,810 2,200 21,955 1,600 750
Total General Obligation Debt		<u>\$106,105</u>		<u>\$14,080</u>		<u>\$ 78,000</u>
Special Revenue Bonds	Series		Interest Range (%)		Payments In Year of Maturity (11) J	Balance une 30, 1995
Department of Transportation Water Conservation (3) Water Dev. Program (4) Water Dev. Program (4) Water Dev. Program (4) Broadwater Power Project (4)(6) Water Development Program (4) Broadwater Power Project (4)(5) Water Development Program (4) Water Development Program (4) Department of Transportation	1987 1987C 1988A 1989A 1990A 1990B 1991A 1992A 1992B 1993	\$ 37,955 535 1,215 1,720 6,000 3,800 9,625 21,735 11,955 9,375 72,375	5.5-6.25 3.463-5.0 6.25-7.6 6.75-7.3 6.1-6.9 9.5 6.2-7.2 6.4-6.875 3.0-6.1 2.8-6.0 2.5-5.2	\$ 8,720 13 45 60 210 305 430 - 735 290 2,000	\$9,795 (1998) 3 (2016) 120 (2008) 160 (2009) 520 (2010) 505 (2002) 955 (2007) 2,135 (2018) 1,250 (2006) 795 (2013) 3,705 (2005)	312 990 1,435 5,125 2,795 7,645 21,735 10,560 8,825
Total Special Revenue Bonds		<u>\$176,290</u>		<u>\$12,808</u>		<u>\$156,547</u>
Middle Creek Dam Project (7) Treasure State Endowment (8) Natural Resource Damage Lit. Pgm. (9) Developmental Center Project (10) Total Notes Payable		\$ 2,990 4,134 7,437 <u>13,100</u> \$ 27,661	8.125 5.85 4.4-6.4	\$ 30 407 - 70 \$ 507	1,581 (2032) 808 (2001) 1,015 (2019)	4,134 7,437 13,100 \$ 27,910
TOTAL GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS ACCOUNT GROUP \$262,457						

- (1) All Water Development Program Bonds and the Renewable Resource Development Bonds are secured additionally by a pledge of and payable from certain coal severance taxes. Series 1988, 1989B, 1991A and 1993C bonds are also secured by a pledge of loan repayments from loans made from the bond proceeds.
- (2) Bonds issued for financing the design, construction and installation of energy conservation projects at various State buildings.
- (3) Bonds sold to Farmers Home Administration.
- (4) Bonds issued by the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC) and backed by a pledge of coal severance taxes.
- (5) First payment of \$795,000 is due in 2003.
- (6) Bonds were sold to the Montana Board of Investments.
- (7) U.S. Bureau of Reclamation loan to Montana Department of Natural Resources & Conservation. The outstanding balance includes 277,158 of interest owed.
- (8) Board of Investments Treasure State Endowment loan from the Coal Tax Trust Fund to the State of Montana Department of Commerce. First payment of \$199,563 is due in 1996.
- (9) Board of Investments loan to the Department of Justice for the Natural Resource Damage Litigation Program. Interest accrues at .5% over the yield on the most recent issue of United States Government 30 Year Bonds. Loan repayment is secured by a pledge of amounts to be recovered in the ongoing litigation with Atlantic Richfield Company.
- (10) Montana Health Facility Authority Ioan to the Department of Corrections for the Montana Developmental Center Project.
- (11) Year of Maturity refers to fiscal year.

Board of Regents Issues		Amount	Interest		In Year of	Balance
Higher Education Units	<u>Series</u>	issuea K	ange (%)	FY 1996	iviaturity Ju	<u>ıne 30, 1995</u>
University of Montana (U of M) Montana State University (MSU)	1993A/1995B 1985B/1986A/		2.3-6.9	\$1,690	\$ 1,810 (2016)	\$ 52,025
Montana Tech of the U of M MSU - Billings MSU - Northern	1987A/1993A 1986A 1994C 1994C	6,745 9,360	2.6-8.65 6.6-7.625 3.3-6.0 3.3-6.0		11,265 (2017) 1,070 (2010) 425 (2007) 100 (2015)	45,572 5,485 8,765 2,820
Western Montana College of the U of M (WMC) Helena College of Technology of	1993A/1995B	1,371	2.2-6.9	70	61 (2016)	1,286
The University of Montana (HCT)	) 1995B	620	4.6-6.9	30	35 (2009)	620
		<u>\$126,913</u>		<u>\$4,125</u>		\$116,573
Less: Unamortized Discount						(1,203)
Total Higher Education Bonded Deb	ot					<u>\$115,370</u>
Higher Ed Nonbonded Debt U of M Mortgage Payable MSU Thackeray Note MSU - Billings, P.E. Building Note MSU - Northern, Gas Distribution Note MSU - Northern, INTERCAP Program MSU - Northern, Note WMC INTERCAP Program Note WMC Mortgage Payable College of Technology, MSU Billings College of Technology, UM - Misson INTERCAP Program Note	m Note s, Note	\$ 204 350 285 31 1,041 16 60 70 876	Variable 5.0 5.69 5.6 Variable 6.2 Variable 6.5 None	\$ 6 117 49 10 109 16 7 3 106	\$ 5 (2012) 122 (1997) 54 (1998) 11 (1996) 50 (2006) 16 (1996) 8 (1999) 5 (2009) 95 (1999) 21 (1999)	239 154 10 961 16 60 67 397
Total Higher Education Nonbonded	Debt	\$ 3,029		<u>\$ 441</u>		<u>\$ 2,159</u>
TOTAL HIGHER EDUCATION FUN	DS					<u>\$117,529</u>

**Debt service requirements** (principal and interest) for long-term notes/bonds payable reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and Higher Education Funds are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	General Obligation <u>Debt</u>	Special Revenue Bonds	Higher Ed Bonded Debt	Non- Bonded <u>Debt</u>	Total <u>Requirements</u>
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001+	\$ 17,842 9,126 5,815 6,061 5,933 69,663	\$ 22,649 22,757 22,858 21,333 28,303 142,386	\$ 9,966 9,907 9,833 9,843 9,832 140,622	\$ 545 452 325 274 164 605	\$ 51,002 42,242 38,831 37,511 44,232 353,276
Totals	<u>\$114,440</u>	<u>\$260,286</u>	<u>\$190,003</u>	<u>\$ 2,365</u>	<u>\$ 567,094</u>

A summary of changes in long-term notes/bonds payable reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and Higher Education Funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1995, is as follows (in thousands):

	Balance <u>July 1, 1994</u>	Issued	Retired	Balance <u>June 30, 1995</u>
General Obligation Debt Special Revenue Debt Higher Ed Revenue Bonds Higher Ed Nonbonded Debt	\$ 66,070 221,455 111,147 	\$ 26,505 13,100 7,556 471	\$ 14,575 50,098 3,333 	\$ 78,000 184,457 115,370 2,159
Totals	\$ 400,748	\$ 47,632	\$ 68,394	\$ 379,986

## D. Early Bond Redemption

On June 29, 1995, the Montana Department of Transportation deposited \$41.015 million with an escrow agent to be invested in federal securities to provide for future debt service payments. The transaction met the requirements of a legal defeasance and \$39.665 million of the 1993 Series A Bonds, maturing on July 1, 2003, through July 1, 2005, were removed from the financial statements.

## E. Early Retirement Benefits Note

The 1993 Montana State Legislature granted an early retirement incentive. The incentive consisted of an additional three years of employer and employee contributions paid by the employer agency to the State of Montana Public Employees' Retirement System. The payments may be made over a period of time not to exceed eight years at an interest rate of eight percent. Dept Service requirements are as follows (in thousands):

	Princip		
FUND	FY 1996	In Year of Maturity	Balance <u>June 30, 1995</u>
General Long-Term Obligation Enterprise Higher Education Units	\$ <b>4</b> 8 5 59	\$ 82 8 	\$ 510 49 
TOTAL	<u>\$ 112</u>	<u>\$ 160</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>

# F. Refunded Bonds

On June 9, 1994, the Housing Authority issued \$40,815,000 Single Family Program Bonds, 1994 Series B. A portion of these proceeds were used to optionally redeem, on August 1, 1994, \$16,875,000 of the Single Family Program Bonds 1983 Series B, at a premium of 102.5%, and \$11,200,000 of the Single Family Program Bonds, 1984 Series A, at a premium of 103%. On April 6, 1995, the Housing Authority issued \$33,580,000 Single Family Program Bonds, 1995 Series A. A portion of these proceeds were used to optionally redeem, on June 1, 1995, \$5,000,000 of the Single Family Program Bonds 1985 Series B, at a premium of 102%.

As required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement Number 23, the Housing Authority deferred 762,234 of costs related to the refundings of the 1994 Series B and the 1995 Series A Bonds. These deferred costs are required to be amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded bonds or the life of the refunding bonds. The 1994 Series B refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$11,962,013 and a difference in cash flows of \$10,104,447. The 1995 Series A refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$1,174,540 and a cash flow difference of (\$1,430,338).

In prior years, the State of Montana and the Board of Regents of Higher Education have issued general obligation and revenue refunding bonds, the proceeds of which were used to defease certain bond issues already outstanding. The proceeds of the refunding issues were placed in escrow accounts and invested in U.S. Treasury Obligations that, together with interest earned thereon, will be sufficient for future payment of principal and interest on the refunded issues. Accordingly, the debt is considered defeased for financial reporting purposes and the liability for the defeased bonds is not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 1995, the defeased bonds outstanding are as follows (in thousands):

General Obligation Special Revenue	\$ 18,245 126,420
Higher Education Revenue	<u>37,910</u>
Total	<u>\$182,575</u>

#### G. Enterprise Funds

(1) <u>Economic Development & Municipal Finance Consolidation Act Bonds (EDB)</u> - This program is directed by the nine-member Board of Investments which is attached to the Department of Commerce for administrative purposes. This program assists Montana's small businesses and local governments in obtaining long-term, fixed rate financing through private Montana lending institutions. Outstanding obligations are as follows (in thousands):

		Principal Payments				
•	0	Amount	Interest	EV 4000	In Year of	Balance
<u>Program</u>	Series	<u>Issued</u>	Rate (%)	FY 1996	Maturity Ju	<u>ıne 30, 1995</u>
Industrial Development Revenue Bond	ds					
(Pooled Loan) (1)	1984A,F,G	\$ 1,495	7.0-10.75	\$ 55	\$ 340 (2006)	\$ 1,180
Industrial Development Revenue						
Bonds (Pooled Loan) (1)	1985A,C-I,K	3,160	6.75-10.1	110	395 (2007)	2,520
Municipal Finance Consolidation					400 (004 ()	
Act Bonds (Irrigation Program) (2)	1988	4,976	6.6-7.75	455	130 (2014)	4,804
Economic Development Bonds						
(Conservation Reserve	4004 A D	7 200	10 0 11 0	4 460	205 (2000)	2.005
Enhancement Program) (3)	1991A-B	7,380	10.0-11.2	1,160	285 (2000)	3,985
Municipal Finance Consolidation Act Bonds (4)	1991	6,234	4.75-6.5	466	294 (2005)	2 702
Act Bolids (4)	1991	0,234	4.75-6.5	400	294 (2003)	<u>3,792</u>
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE		\$23,245		\$ 2,246		\$16,281
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CRP Notes) (3)		3,307	9.0-9.92	766	455 (1999)	3,307
riogram (Orti Hotes) (o)			3.0-3.32	700	400 (1999)	
TOTAL BONDS/NOTES PAYABLE		\$26,552		\$ 3,012		<u>\$19,588</u>

- (1) These bonds, which may not aggregate more than \$75 million, are limited obligations of the Board of Investments payable solely from and secured by certain revenues and assets pledged pursuant to an Indenture of Trust. The bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or legal obligation of the State of Montana. However, if the balance in the "Capital Reserve Account A" falls below the indenture requirement, the Governor is required to request the Legislature to appropriate funds to restore the balance. The Legislature may, but is not legally obligated to, appropriate funds to correct any such deficiency. Principal payments (accrued interest to be added) are due each March 15. Series 1985J (\$665,000) and Series 1985B (\$775,000) were recalled on March 15 and December 15, 1988, respectively, without a gain or loss on extinguishment. Series 1985L (\$325,000) was recalled in March 1992, without a gain or loss on extinguishment. Series 1984B (\$510,000), Series 1984C (\$255,000), Series 1984D (\$970,000) and Series 1984E (\$420,000) were retired March 15, 1995, through the exercise of optional redemption provisions resulting from loan prepayments. Loss from early extinguishment totaled \$40,877.
- (2) These bonds were issued to obtain funds for the Board of Investments, State of Montana, to purchase the refunding bonds of participating Irrigation Districts for the purpose of prepaying the U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Reclamation Projects Loans. The Irrigation Bonds and the interest thereon are payable solely from the collection of a special tax or assessment levied against real property in the Irrigation District. The Irrigation Bonds are not obligations of the State of Montana. However, the Irrigation Bonds are limited obligations of the Board of Investments due to an irrevocable pledge to lend money for deposit by the Trustee of the Irrigation District Pooled Loan Program Reserve Account E in an amount equal to any deficiencies therein on any payment date. The indenture does not permit the issuance of additional bonds.
- (3) These bonds and notes were issued for the purpose of providing funds for the Board of Investments, State of Montana, to make loans to participating farmers and ranchers under its Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program. The Series 1991 Bonds are not in any way a debt or liability of the State of Montana, and neither the full faith and credit, nor the taxing power of the State of Montana is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on the Series 1991 Bonds. However, the 1991 Bonds are limited obligations of the Board of Investments. The Bond Anticipation Notes which matured on November 15, 1992, were reissued to correspond with maturities per the underlying loans. On November 15, 1994, eleven BAN's were reissued to comply with statutory requirements limiting the maturity of notes to five years from issuance date.
- (4) These bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds for the Board of Investments, State of Montana, to purchase the general obligation refunding bonds of 16 participating Montana School Districts. The School District Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are payable from real property taxes levied within the school district. These bonds are limited obligations of the Board of Investments, and are not a debt or liability of the State of Montana, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state is pledged to the payment of principal of or interest on the bonds.

Debt service re	quirements	(principal & i	nterest) for ED	B are as follo	ws (in thousa	nds):	
	<u> 1996</u>	1997	1998	1999	2000	<u>2001+</u>	<u>Totals</u>
	\$ 4.586	\$4,527	\$3,861	\$2,936	\$3,022	\$9,763	\$28,695

(2) <u>Board of Housing (BOH) (Housing Authority) - Component Unit - Revenue Bonds</u> - The Montana Board of Housing is authorized to have an aggregate of \$975 million of housing mortgage bonds outstanding. The bonds are payable from mortgage loan repayments and investment earnings. All bonds issued to date are secured by federally insured or guaranteed mortgages. Statutory provisions exist wherein the Governor shall include in the executive budget submitted to the legislature the sum required to fund possible future deficiencies in required reserves; however, the legislature is not legally required to appropriate funding for such deficiencies. None of the outstanding bonds were issued under these provisions. BOH Revenue Bonds (net) outstanding at June 30, 1995, were as follows (in thousands):

			_	Principal I	Payments	
<b>B</b>	Carlas	Amount	Interest	EV 1006	In Year of	Balance une 30, 1995
Program	Series	<u>Issued</u>	Rate (%)	F1 1990	<u>Maturity</u> J	une 30, 1995
Single Family I	1977A 1977B 1978A 1987A 1987B1-B2 1988A1-A2	\$ 21,470 35,060 13,600 20,000 20,000 19,999	4.5-8.0 4.15-8.0 6.0-6.5 5.3-8.625 6.25-9.0 5.4-8.5	\$ 950 \$ 1,470 570 450 160 315	1,850 (2009) 3,160 (2009) 1,115 (2010) 1,240 (2018) 780 (2019) 2,675 (2027)	\$ 9,830 16,490 6,650 8,560 6,865 10,698
Subtotal		\$130,129		\$ 3,91 <u>5</u>		\$ 59,093
Single Family II	1979A 1983C 1984A 1985A 1992RA 1994A 1994B 1994C 1995A	40,000 74,997 22,520 25,725 40,815 20,000 33,580	5.1-6.6 5.75-10.7 7.0-10.375 5.5-9.75 5.7-9.75 5.65-6.5 3.1-6.1 3.8-6.9 4.5-6.8	1,465 2,410	7,700 (2011) 8,640 (2010) 13,680 (2010) 7,044 (2016) 1,165 (2017) 10 (2033) 615 (2025) 1,300 (2025) 600 (2027) 1,105 (2027)	19,738 6,782 11,714 5,420 22,520 23,795 37,455 20,000 33,580
Subtotal		<u>\$547,637</u>		\$ 7,350		<u>\$221,664</u>
Single Family III Single Family IV Single Family V Single Family V Single Family VII Single Family VIII Single Family IX Single Family X	1988B1-B2 1989A1-A2 1990A1-A2 1990B1-B2 1990C1-C2 1991A1-A2 1991B1-B2 1992A1-A2	25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000	6.2-8.9 7.0-9.2 6.2-8.525 6.2-8.5 6.55-8.95 5.2-8.275 5.5-8.4 4.45-7.85	235 205 270 265 255 310 290 305	1,060 (2021) 1,340 (2021) 1,885 (2022) 1,915 (2022) 1,625 (2022) 1,920 (2023) 1,770 (2023) 1,685 (2024)	'
Multifamily	1978A	\$ 4,865	6.125			
Subtotal	1992	9,725 \$ 14,590	2.95-6.55	160 \$ 225	150 (2024)	9,465 \$ 13,770
TOTAL		<u>\$892,356</u>		<u>\$13,625</u>		\$424,392
Unamortized bond premiums (net)						<u>35</u>
TOTAL BOH BONDS PAYABLE (net)						<u>\$424,427</u>

Debt service requirements (principal & interest) for all BOH programs are as follows (in thousands):

<u>1996</u>	1997	1998	1999	2000	_2001+	Total
\$39.614	\$39.391	\$39,117	\$38,974	\$39,015	\$723,684	\$919,795

(3) Payroll Tax Bonds (Workers' Compensation Program) - State Compensation Insurance - Old - Component Unit - The Board of Investments of the State of Montana issued \$174.595 million of bonds for the purpose of funding the State's liability and cost in administering and paying claims for injuries resulting from accidents, prior to July 1, 1990, that are subject to the Montana Workers' Compensation Act and the Occupational Disease Act of Montana. The bonds are limited obligations of the State of Montana payable solely from and secured by certain payroll tax revenues collected by the Department of Revenue of the State of Montana. Included in the issued bonds is \$32.500 million of Series 1993 variable rate demand bonds issued October 27, 1993, and maturing June 1, 2020. The bonds are subject to purchase on demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on thirty days notice and delivery to the remarketing agent. The Montana Board of Investments (BOI) has entered into a Standby Liquidity Agreement to purchase any tendered bonds which are unable to be remarketed by the remarketing agent. The BOI is entitled to the same rights as any other bondholder, including the right to receive payments of principal and interest. As of June 30, 1995, \$32.500 million of the demand bonds are outstanding.

			_	Principa	al Payments	_
Program	Series	Amount Issued	Interest Rate (%)	FY 1996	In Year of Maturity	Balance June 30, 1995
Payroll Tax Bonds	1991	\$142,095	4.9-6.875	\$2,275	\$10,590 (202	0) \$134,115
Less: Unamortized discount						(1,786)
TOTAL BONDS PAYABLE (net)						<u>\$132,329</u>

Debt service requiremen	ts (principal &	interest) are a	as follows (in t	housands):		
_1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001+	Totals
\$11.321	\$11.318	\$11.318	\$11.318	\$11.320	\$226,402	\$282.997

**H.** <u>No-Commitment Debt</u> - Information is presented below for financing authorities participating in debt issues. The State has no obligation for this debt. Accordingly, these bonds and notes are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(1) <u>Montana Board of Investments (BOI)</u> - The BOI is authorized to issue industrial revenue bonds to finance projects for qualifying borrowers. Assets and revenues of the borrower are pledged to repay the bonds. The industrial revenue bonds issued by BOI do not constitute a debt, liability, obligation or pledge of faith and credit of the State of Montana. At June 30, 1995, the BOI had issued industrial revenue bonds as follows (in thousands):

Project Project	Date ofIssue	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Farmers Union Bozeman Holiday Inn Colstrip BGI	August 1985 October 1987 October 1989 July 1993	\$ 3,925 4,485 60,800 _118,345	\$ 3,925 3,815 60,800 _118,345
Total		<u>\$187,555</u>	<u>\$186,885</u>

(2) <u>Beginning Farm Loan Program</u> - The Montana Department of Agriculture is authorized to request issuance of bonds by the Montana Board of Investments to finance projects for beginning farmers within the State, if it appears, after a properly noticed public hearing, that the project is in the public interest of the State. These non-recourse, industrial development revenue bonds do not constitute a debt, liability, or obligation of the State of Montana. The amount issued and outstanding at June 30, 1995, is as follows:

Jorgensen Project - issued \$81,600; outstanding \$42,981.

(3) Montana Health Facility Authority (MHFA) - Component Unit - The MHFA is authorized to issue bonds and notes to finance projects for qualifying health institutions. The obligations issued by MHFA do not constitute a debt, liability, obligation or pledge of faith and credit of the State of Montana. At June 30, 1995, the MHFA had issued bonds and notes as follows (in thousands):

Project	Date of Issue	Amount	Amount
West Mont Home Health Services	June 1985	<u> Issued </u> \$ 440	Outstanding \$ 226
MHFA 1985 Pooled Loan Projects	December 1985	66,900	37,300
Community Provider Pooled Loans	October 1988	1,461	1,055
St. Peters Community Hospital	March 1989	9,365	7.905
Kalispell Regional Hospital	June 1990	14,475	12,925
Community Provider Pooled Loan	July 1990	5,858	5,136
Deaconess Medical Center (Series A)	February 1991	18,000	18,000
Deaconess Medical Center (Series B)	February 1991	18,000	18,000
Sisters of Providence	May 1991	56,535	50,510
Montana Deaconess Medical Center	June 1991	12,010	11,015
St. Peters Community Hospital	August 1991	7,000	6,200
Deaconess Medical Center	September 1991	32,650	30,250
Deaconess Medical Center	September 1991	7,000	4,990
Community Provider Pooled Loans	September 1991	3,944	3,553
Hospital Pooled Loans	August 1992	4,645	3,950
Richland Opportunities		200	188
Bozeman Deaconess Foundation	January 1993 June 1993		
Holy Rosary Hospital		14,900 18,375	13,460
Sisters of Charity	September 1993	18,275	18,080
Deaconess-Billings Clinic	January 1994 January 1994	50,915	49,180
	March 1994	58,870	58,870
Residential Support Services Mineral Community Hospital	March 1994 March 1994	50 39	48
Montana Developmental Center(1)			30
Community Memorial Hospital	August 1994 October 1994	13,100	13,100
St. John's Retirement Home	October 1994	570	570
North Valley Hospital (Series C)	October 1994	2,000 695	2,000
North Valley Hospital (Series C)	October 1994 October 1994		695
St. John's Retirement Home	October 1994	1,310	1,310
or sourcement nome	October 1994	300	300
Total		<b>\$419,507</b>	<u>\$368,846</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> During fiscal year 1995, MHFA loaned \$13,100,000 to the Department of Corrections for the Montana Developmental Center Project.

# 13. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the State has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, service debt, etc. Montana statutes include a provision for interfund loans when the expenditure of an appropriation is necessary and the cash balance in the account from which the appropriation was made is insufficient to pay the expenditure. To the extent that certain transactions between funds are not paid or received as of June 30, 1995, interfund receivables/payables (Due From/To Other Funds) are recorded. The schedule below presents all interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 1995, (in thousands) and interfund activity for the fiscal year then ended:

Within Primary Government and Component Units	Interfu Loans/Ad Receivable	vances	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds		erating nsfers Out		idual ransfers Out
General	\$ 12,454	\$ -	\$ 35,073	\$ 22,846	\$91,525	\$122,005	\$ 1,084	\$ -
Special Revenue	20.200	0.500	F7 000	00 500	474 074	50.554		4 500
State Federal	38,380	2,508 45,398	57,822 9,874	60,586 12,607	174,271 214	59,551 4,345	-	1,530 72
Debt Service	_	40,000	3,014	12,007	217	4,545	_	12
Coal Tax Bonds	-	-	2	6	964	65	-	-
Long-Range Building Program	-	-	32	1,780	15,545	48,782	28	-
Water Development	-	-	1	508 454	607	736	891	-
Highway Revenue Bonds Transportation Bldg. Complex	-	-	-	434 56	57,299 567	-		-
Renewable Resource	-	-	-	201	-	201	-	_
Energy Bonds	-	-	48	179	319	131	-	-
Capital Projects			400	70	0.700	0.45		
Long-Range Building Program Fed/Priv Construction Grants	-	-	183	79	2,729	815	-	28
Capital Land Grant	-	-	10	6	450	555	-	-
Enterprise			10		400	000		_
Economic Dev. Bonds	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
Liquor Stores	-	-	1	1,659	(3)	15,383	-	-
Hail Insurance	-	-	2	19	-	26	-	-
State Lottery Prison Ranch	75	-	80	2,470 47	-	8,594	-	-
Prison Industries	-	75	87	100	_	_	_	_
Uninsured Employers	-	-	10	21	-	-	-	-
Subsequent Injury	-	-	-	9	-	-	·-	-
Montana Career Info. Sys.	-	-	5	4	-	-	-	400
Sec. of State Business Services Historical Soc. Publications		-	2	8 <del>4</del> 21	51	-	-	422
W. Yellowstone Airport	_	_	-	3	22	_	-	_
Local Govt. Audits	-	70	1	56	1 <b>4</b> 6	-	-	-
Internal Service								
Highway Equipment	-	-	904	448	-	-	-	-
Employees' Grp. Ben. ISD	-	-	214 1,223	27 343	97	-	-	-
MSU Group Insurance		-	1,225	8	-	_	-	-
Admin. Insurance	-	-	65	56	70	-	-	-
FWP Equipment	-	-	332	7	185	-	-	-
Motor Pool	-	-	103	40	-	-	-	
Admin. Prop. & Supply Publications & Graphics	-	-	122 325	38 81	-	-	-	-
Buildings & Grounds	_	_	24	47	43	51	_	-
Labor Central Services	-	-	422	420	-	-	-	-
Commerce Central Services	-	-	94	137	-	-	-	-
DHES Indirect Cost Pool	-	-	306	90	-	-,	-	-
FWP Warehouse Inventory Mail & Messenger	-	345	13 57	1 16	-	-	-	-
Investment Division		J <del>4</del> J	38	84	-	-	-	-
Aircraft Operation	-	-	20	23	108	-	_	-
Justice Legal	-	-	53	31	-	-	-	-
OPI Central Services Personnel Training	-	-	81	74	393	-	-	· -
Records Management		_	18 38	8 21	-	-	-	19
FWP Office Supply	_	_	-	. 2	_	_	-	-
Bad Debt	-	-	9	11	-	-	-	-
Admin. Legal	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Local Govt Administration Natural Gas Procurement	-	-	8	7	-	-	-	-
Admin. DP Unit	-	-	-	1 2	-	-	-	-
Expendable Trusts	-	-	-	2	-	-		-
Unemployment Insurance	-	-	3	-	-	-	68	-

Within Primary Government and Component Units	Interf Loans/Ad Receivable	vances	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds		erating nsfers Out		idual ransfers Out
•				•				
Rural Development	- 22	-	-	3	-	1 421	-	-
Escheated Property Rock Creek	23	-	-	1 4	-	1,431	-	-
Historical Society General	-			1		6	_	_
Nonexpendable Trusts	· -	_	_			O		
Coal Tax Trust	_	-	5	16,111	· -	38,116	_	_
Land Grants	-	23	244	10,524	1,431	40,966	-	-
Resource Indemnity	-	-	3	2,097	-	6,380	-	-
Parks Trust		-	-	153	-	922	-	-
Cultural Trust	97	-	-	82	-	500	-	-
Real Property Noxious Weed Management	-	-	5	72 34	-	379 311	_	_
Thomas Teakle Trust	-	-		-	_	4	_	_
Pension Trusts						•		
PERS	11	-	2,162	2,114	-	-	-	-
Municipal Police	-	-	2,266	25	-	-	-	-
Firefighters Unified	-	-	4,167	20	-	-	-	-
Sheriffs	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-
Highway Patrol	-	-	4	10	-	-	-	-
Judges Game Wardens	-	7 4	59	2 4	-	-		-
Volunteer Firefighters	_	7		17	_	_	_	
Agency				• • •				
Land Grant Interest	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	-
Performance Deposits	90	-	-	221	-	-	-	-
Central Payroll	-	-	21,430	-	-	-	-	-
Custodial Accounts	-	-	41	1 777	-	-	-	-
Unissued Warrants	-	-	70 228	1,777 8 <b>4</b> 9	_	-		
Child Support Collections Intergovernmental	-	2,700	1	10	-	-	_	_
Uncleared Collections	_	2,700	24	68	_	_	_	-
Bad Debts	-	-	1	81	-	-	-	-
COMPONENT UNITS Enterprise Funds Housing Authority State Comp. Insurance - New	-	-	2,042	6 109	-	-	_	_
State Comp. Insurance - Old	-	_	108	1,974	(10)	_	-	_
Pension Trusts				.,	( - /			
Teachers Retirement System <u>Higher Education</u>	-	-	569	-	-	-	-	
Current Funds General Operating	300	_	4,989	3,892	1,249	1170	_	
Designated	1,500	_	3,892	2,902	2,465	4,070	-	62
Auxiliary	-	-	843	1,880	599	9,061	-	80
Restricted	-	1,800	332	3,557	186	1,079	-	1
Fiduciary			40	440	00			
Student Loans Endowments	-	-	13	118	26 948	4 7	-	-
Agency	_		4,816	2,197	940	-		-
Plant	_		4,010	2,107				
Unexpended	-	-	120	282	7,958	8,825	-	-
Renewal & Replacement	-	-	525	251	8,157	825	143	-
Retirement of Indebtedness			<u>837</u>	<u> 180</u>	30,113	23,428		
Totals	<u>\$ 52,930</u>	\$ 52,930	\$157,501 <b>\$</b>	157,501	\$398,724	\$398,724	<u>\$ 2,214</u>	<u>\$ 2,214</u>
	Due	Due	Due	Due	Transfer	Transfer	Transfer	Transfer
	From	To	To	From	From	То	То	From
Between Primary Governmen		Primary	Comp.		Comp.	*		Primary
and Component Units	<u>Units</u>	Govt	Units	Govt	<u>Units</u>	Govt	Units	Govt
General Special Boyonus	\$ 422	\$ -	\$ 162	\$	- \$ -	• \$ - 9	\$ 96,352	\$ -
Special Revenue State	352	_	27,906		- 986	_	65,254	_
Federal	9	-	378		- 300		-	_
Debt Service	Ü		0.0					
Long-Range Building Program	10	-	-		- 317	-	-	-

Between Primary Government	Due From	Due To Primary	Due To	Due From Primary	From	То	Transfer To	Transfer From Primary
and Component Units	Units	Govt	Units	Govt		Govt	Units	
Capital Projects								
Long Range Building	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Enterprise</u>	-							
Prison Industries	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal Service	234		10					
ISD MUS Croup Insurance	370	_	10	-	-	-	_	=
MUS Group Insurance Admin. Insurance	370	_	2	_	_	_	_	_
FWP Equipment	1	_	-		_	-	_	_
Motor Pool	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Admin. Property & Supply	28	_	1	_	_	_	_	_
Publications & Graphics	163	_	<u>.</u>	_	_	_	_	_
Commerce Central Services	7	_	2	-	_	_	_	-
Mail & Messenger	<u>i</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Investment Division	17	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Records Management	1	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Nonexpendable Trusts	-							
Land Grants	_	-	523	-	-	_	_	-
Pension Trusts								
PERS	279	-	21	-	_	-	_	-
Agency								
Land Grant Interest	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Employees Defer. Comp.	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Payroll	988	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Child Support Collections	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uncleared Collections	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Bad Debts	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
COMPONENT UNITS								
Enterprise Funds								
Housing Authority	-	40	-	1	-	-	-	-
Health Facilities Authority	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Comp. Ins New	-	893	-	10	-		-	
State Comp. Ins Old	-	114	-	27,604	-	1,303	-	50,091
Pension Trusts								
Teachers Retirement System	-	30	-	27	-	-	-	-
Higher Education								
Current Funds		077		40				111 155
General Operating	-	677	-	13	-	-	-	111,455
Designated	-	338	-	108 222	-	-	-	-
Auxiliary Bostrietod	-	25 22	-	735	-	-	-	6
Restricted	-	22	-	735	-	-	-	0
Fiduciary		_		1				
Student Loans	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	6
Endowments Agency	-	804	-	91	-	-	-	. 0
Plant	-	004	-	ופ	-	-	-	
Unexpended		22	_	126				26
Renewal and Replacement	-	4	-	97	-	-	-	20
Retirement of Indebtedness	-	4	-	144	-	-	-	-
Memerical of indepteditess		<u>-</u>						
Totals	<u>\$ 2,974</u>	<u>\$ 2,974</u>	<u>\$ 29,179</u>	<u>\$ 29,179</u>	<u>\$ 1,303</u>	<u>\$ 1,303</u>	<u>\$ 161,606</u>	<u>\$161,606</u>

**14.** <u>FUND DEFICITS</u>
The following funds have a deficit fund balance/retained earnings found on the operating statements for June 30, 1995, (in thousands):

Primary Government		
•		Deficit
Enterprise Fund Department of Agriculture	\$	(176)
Internal Service Fund Administration Insurance Justice Legal Bad Debt Administration - Legal	(	13,182) (23) (10) (15)
Local Government Admin Admin. DP Unit Total Fund Deficits - Primary Government	<u>\$ (</u>	(32) (4) 13,442)

## **Component Units**

Proprietary Fund Type

State Comp. Ins. (Old Fund) \$(413,938)

**Higher Education Funds** 

General Operating Subfund (15,518)
Total Fund Deficits - Component Units \$(429,456)

The deficit retained earnings in the Administration Insurance Fund and the State Compensation Insurance Fund-Old are due to recording the expense for estimated claims including claims incurred but not reported. Refer to Note 9 for further discussion of these funds. The deficit fund balance in the General Operating Subfund is due to the expense associated with the recording of compensated absences.

# 15. RESERVED FUND BALANCES FOR TRUSTS

The Special Revenue trust reserved fund balance is attributed to the Fish, Wildlife and Parks Mitigation Trust Account within the State Special Revenue Fund.

The Coal Tax Trust reserved fund balance in the Nonexpendable Trust Fund consists of the following (in thousands): Permanent Coal Tax Trust \$520,364, Treasure State Endowment Fund \$31,793 and the School Bond Contingency Fund \$2,152. All other Nonexpendable Trust Fund balances, \$462,641, are Reserved for Trust Principal.

### **16. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Selected financial information concerning all enterprise operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, is as follows (in thousands):

	Economic velopment Bonds	Liquor Stores	Hail Insurance	State Lottery	Other <u>Enterprise*</u>	Total Enterprise
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services Investment Earnings Contrib./Premiums Grants/Contracts/Donati	\$ 62 510	\$ 40,596 - -	\$ - 283 2,025	\$ 32,762 201 -	\$ 7,728 268 18 12	\$ 81,148 1,262 2,043 12
	ions -	10,259	-	-	12	10,259
Taxes Other Revenues	2,525	10,259	-	- -	4,181	6,779
Operating Expenses:	4	405	4	04	270	040
Depreciation Amortization	4	165	7	61	376 6	610
Other	<u>3,112</u>	34,902	907	<u> 24,310</u>	<u> 10,515</u>	6 <u>73,746</u>
Operating Income (Loss) Nonoperating Revenues	<u>(9</u> )	<u> 15,851</u>	1,400	<u>8,592</u>	1,307	27,141
(Expenses) Oper. Trans. In (Out) Net Income (Loss)	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>(9</u> )	(50) <u>(15,386</u> ) <u>\$ 415</u>	(26) \$ 1,374	2 <u>(8,594)</u> \$	6 <u>219</u> <u>\$ 1,532</u>	(42) <u>(23,787)</u> <u>\$ 3,312</u>
Current Assets Current Liabilities Net Working Capital	\$ 2,768 (1,290) \$ 1,478	\$ 9,821 (7,535) \$ 2,286	\$ 7,174 (894) \$ 6,280	\$ 4,989 (4,982) <u>\$ 7</u>	\$ 13,004 (906) <u>\$ 12,098</u>	\$ 37,756 (15,607) \$ 22,149
Total Assets Total Liabilities Fund Equity	\$ 42,730 _40,840 \$ 1,890	\$ 11,085 <u>7,930</u> <u>\$ 3,155</u>	\$ 7,182 <u>1,553</u> <u>\$ 5,629</u>	\$ 5,386 5,147 \$ 239	\$ 19,841 <u>2,344</u> <u>\$ 17,497</u>	\$ 86,224 57,814 \$ 28,410
Long-Term Obligations Cur. Yr. Capital Cont. Acquisition of Fixed	\$ 39,550 \$ -	\$ 395 \$ -	\$ 659 \$ -	\$ 165 \$ 238	\$ 1,068 \$ -	\$ 41,837 \$ 238
Assets Disposal of Fixed Assets	\$ - \$ 1	\$ 171 \$ 123	\$ 2 \$ -	\$ 45 \$ 37	\$ 532 \$ 202	\$ 750 \$ 363

- 1. The Economic Development Bond Program, administered by the Board of Investments, assists Montana's small businesses and local governments in obtaining long-term, fixed-rate financing through private Montana lending institutions.
- 2. The Liquor Division of the Department of Revenue administers the State liquor operations (Liquor Stores). This fund accounts for liquor licensing activities and the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages.
- 3. The Hail Insurance Fund provides benefit payments to producers for crop acreage insured and accounts for premium assessments paid (See Note 9).

- 4. The State Lottery accounts for the operations of Montana's lottery which began in June 1987.
- \* Other Enterprise is composed of the following funds (listed by administering agency):

<u>Department of Agriculture</u> Department of Agriculture	<u>Fish, Wildlife and Parks</u> FWP Snowgroomer Rental	<u>Secretary of State</u> Business Services
<u>Department of Commerce</u> Local Government Audits	Montana Historical Society Historical Society Publications	Department of Corrections and Human Services Prison Ranch\Industries
<u>Department of Transportation</u> West Yellowstone Airport	<u>Department of Labor and</u> <u>Industry</u> Montana Career Infor. System Subsequent Injury Uninsured Employers	Women's Prison Industries Swan River Vocational Training

# 17. CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

During fiscal year 1995, contributed capital changed by the following amounts (in thousands):

	PRIMARY Enterprise Fund	GOVERNMENT Internal Service Fund	COMPONENT UNITS Enterprise Fund
Beginning Balance - July 1, 1994	\$ 3,252	\$ 5,627	\$ 12,000
Additions: Contrib. Capital Transfers-in Deletions:	238	1,734	- -
Contrib. Capital Transfers-out		_(2,018)	<u>(416</u> )
Ending Balance -June 30, 1995	<u>\$ 3,490</u>	<u>\$ 5,343</u>	<u>\$ 11,584</u>

# 18. NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS' INVESTMENT INCOME

Investments are recorded in Nonexpendable Trust Funds using the full accrual basis of accounting. However, certain investment earnings attributable to these trusts are transferred elsewhere, as summarized below:

Nonexpendable Trust Fund	Reporting of Investment Earnings
Coal Tax Trust	Permanent Trust Accounting Entities - Investment Earnings are distributed eighty-five percent to the General Fund and fifteen percent to the Public School Equalization Account in the State Special Revenue Fund for fiscal year 1995. Treasure State Endowment Accounting Entity - A specified amount may be transferred monthly to the State Special Revenue Fund to cover administrative costs, grants, and loans to local governments for infrastructure projects. In 1995, transfers of \$448,466 were made.
Resource Indemnity	Resource Indemnity Tax investment earnings are distributed to the State Special Revenue Fund as follows: At the beginning of each biennium, \$175,000 to the Environmental Contingency Account; \$50,000 to the Oil and Gas Damage Mitigation Account; \$1,025,000 to the Renewable Resource Loan and Grant Account; \$2,200,000 to the Reclamation and Development Grant Account; \$250,000 to the Water Storage Account; (beginning in FY95) \$240,000 to the Renewable Resource Loan and Grant Account; and the remaining investment earnings are distributed thirty-eight percent to the Renewable Resource Loan and Grant Account; fifteen percent to the Hazardous Waste/Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Account; forty-one and one-half percent to the Reclamation and Development Grant Account; and five and one-half percent to the Environmental Quality Protection Account. The beginning of a biennium is the even numbered fiscal year; therefore, the fixed amounts noted above were not distributed in FY95 except as specified.
Parks Trust	Investment earnings are distributed to the State Special Revenue Fund for the maintenance of parks by the Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks.
Cultural Trust	Investment earnings are distributed to the State Special Revenue Fund for cultural and aesthetic projects administered by the Montana Arts Council.
Land Grants	Ninety-four percent of investment earnings are transferred to the State Special Revenue Fund for the Office of Public Instruction to distribute to public schools; five percent is distributed to Higher Education Units (Current and Plant Funds);

and one percent to the Department of Corrections & Human Services (General

Fund and State Special Revenue Fund).

Real Property Investment earnings are transferred to the State Special Revenue Fund for use by the Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks to operate, maintain and develop

its real property.

**Noxious Weed Management** Investment earnings are transferred to the State Special Revenue Fund for

noxious weed management projects.

Investment earnings are transferred to the State Special Revenue Fund for the Thomas Teakle

Montana Historical Society's library acquisitions.

#### 19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Montana Board of Regents, an agency within the State, is the guarantor of the loans owned by the Montana Higher Education Student Assistance Corporation (MHESAC), a private non-profit corporation. The Board of Regents and MHESAC have four common board members. Approximately 66% of the Regents' outstanding loan volume (\$400,725,000) is held by MHESAC. Lewis & Clark County owns the building which houses the staff of the Board of Regents and the Office of the Commissioner of Higher Education (OCHE). Upon satisfaction of the financing obligations, MHESAC has the option to purchase the building. OCHE pays MHESAC for its share of various costs such as personnel costs for employees of MHESAC who perform services that are of direct benefit to the State; equipment leases; computer maintenance costs; utilities and other shared operating expenses. The total amount of these expenses for fiscal year 1995 amounted to \$321,177. MHESAC employees are allowed to participate in the University System group insurance plan and MHESAC also reimburses OCHE for services such as telephones, postage and computer supplies. During fiscal year 1995 MHESAC paid OCHE a total of \$399,582.

There is a foundation affiliated with each university and college unit which solicits contributions and manages those funds for the benefit of that unit. Each foundation is a separate legal entity; each unit exercises significant influence over its affiliated foundation. The units generally provide the foundations with office space, some staff and related office expenses and an annually contracted fee. The units paid their foundations approximately \$594,000 in fiscal year 1995. In return the universities received from their foundations approximately \$8,039,000 during fiscal year 1995 for scholarships and academic/institutional support.

#### 20. CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation - The State is party to legal proceedings, which normally occur in government operations. The legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of the State's legal counsel and the Department of Administration, likely to have a material adverse impact on the State's financial position, except where listed below.

The Crow Tribe filed suit in 1978 in federal district court seeking a declaration that Montana's coal severance and gross proceeds taxes are invalid as applied to the production of coal on the Crow Reservation and to the production of coal owned by the Tribe located in an off-reservation area, known as the "Crow ceded area" or "ceded strip", which lies roughly between the northern boundary of the reservation and the Yellowstone River. The amount of coal reserves falling within these categories has not been precisely determined. The taxes were alleged to be invalid under a variety of theories. of which the most prominent were that the state taxes conflict with federal policy by preventing the marketing of Crow coal and infringe on tribal sovereignty by depriving the Tribe of revenue needed to provide governmental services to the Crow people. In addition to a declaration that the taxes were invalid, the Tribe sought restitution for an amount equal to the severance and gross proceeds taxes paid by Westmoreland Resources, Inc. (Westmoreland), the only company currently mining coal claimed by the Tribe, together with the interest which accrued to the Coal Severance Tax Trust Fund on the amount of taxes paid.

In January 1983, the court ordered Westmoreland's future severance tax payments placed in escrow pending the outcome of the litigation. The State has received no severance tax payments from Westmoreland with respect to the coal mined on the ceded strip since the entry of this order. Prior to 1983, Westmoreland's annual severance tax payments varied from a low of \$5.407 million in 1976 to a high of \$7.078 million in 1979.

In June 1987, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals ruled that Montana is preempted from applying its severance and gross proceeds taxes on coal within the ceded strip held in trust for the Crow Tribe and on coal mined on the reservation. In August 1987, the State docketed an appeal of the decision to the United States Supreme Court, and in January 1988, that Court summarily affirmed the Court of Appeals' judgment.

As a result of the Supreme Court's affirmance, two principal issues remained in the case, one of which has been resolved. The first issue involved the appropriate disposition of the escrowed moneys, to which the State disclaimed any interest after the Supreme Court's decision. The district court concluded in September 1988 that these moneys should be paid to the United States in trust for the Tribe. The escrowed funds totaling \$30.1 million were distributed in May 1989 to the United States.

The second issue involved tax monies paid by Westmoreland to the State but not escrowed. Their amount, exclusive of interest, is approximately \$47 million. The Tribe and the United States, which had intervened on the Tribe's behalf in 1983, claimed those taxes under a restitution theory. They additionally sought prejudgement interest on that amount which, as of March 31, 1994, was estimated at \$214.1 million. Trial on their claim was held in April and May 1994, and

in November 1994, the district court ruled in the State's favor. That ruling is presently on appeal before the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. The State believes the district court's decision is correct. Nevertheless, the issues raised by the Tribe and United States' claim are novel, and their resolution cannot be predicted with certainty.

The Tribe and the United States additionally sought leave to amend their complaints in April 1993 to allege damages arising from loss of possible production under a coal lease with Shell Oil Company. They estimated those damages at \$250.4 million as of March 31, 1994. The district court denied the requested amendment in July 1993 and again in February 1994. The court, however, addressed that claim in its November 1994 decision and rejected it. The Tribe has raised that aspect of the court's decision in the current appeal before the Ninth Circuit. The State believes the district court's denial of leave to amend the Tribe's and the United States' complaints was proper and that, in any event, the court's rejection of the claim in its November 1994 decision was correct.

#### B. Federal Contingencies:

<u>Federal Financial Assistance</u> - The State receives federal financial assistance for specified purposes which are subject to review and audit in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984. Any disallowances resulting from these audits would become the liability of the State. There are no disallowances reported as of June 30, 1995.

<u>USDA Food Stamp Coupons/Commodities</u> - The State no longer has custodial responsibility for USDA food stamp coupons. The Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services has contracted with Sacramento Services Development Corporation (SSDC) in Sacramento, California, to mail-issue 100% of all food stamps. SSDC is responsible for the storage of all food stamp coupons and carries adequate insurance to cover the State's potential losses. In fiscal year 1995, Montana issued \$57,290,523 in food stamp coupons; Montana's portion of the food stamps held by SSDC at June 30, 1995, is estimated to be \$28,207,605.

In fiscal year 1995, the State distributed \$6,578,140 in commodities. The value at June 30, 1995, of commodities stored in the State's warehouses is \$1,878,487 for which the State is liable in the event of loss.

<u>Social Security</u> - The Social Security Administration (SSA) has assessed the State for the alleged failure to withhold and forward social security contributions for part-time employees for the years 1984 through 1986. The matter has been fully submitted for a final administrative decision. The amount at issue is estimated to be \$2.5 million plus interest of approximately \$1 million which continues to accrue at a rate of 6% per annum. Of the principal amount, \$720,000 is estimated to be the initial liability of the State's central payroll; a proportional amount of the interest figure provided would be the State's responsibility. The balance of the amount owing is the initial responsibility of various political subdivisions. The portion of that amount that the State might have to pay because of the current nonexistence of some of those political subdivisions, should not be substantial, approximately \$5,000.

<u>Gain Contingencies</u> - Certain natural resource and corporation tax assessments are not reported on the State's financial statements because they are being protested administratively. As of June 30, 1995, the following assessments (by fund type) were outstanding (in thousands):

Taxes	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Debit <u>Service</u>	Nonexpendable <u>Trust</u>
Corporation	\$ 2,442	\$ -	\$ 182	\$ -
Coal Severance	3,454	7,412	213	11,363
Oil & Gas	3,157	-	-	· -
Resources Indemnity	<u>-</u>	173		220
Totals	\$ 9,053	\$ 7,585	\$ 395	<u>\$ 11,583</u>

Collectibility of these contingencies is dependent upon the decisions of the court, other authorities, or agreed upon settlements. Interest related to Corporation Tax Assessments is distributed 100% to the General Fund.

## 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 13, 1995 the Montana Supreme Court upheld a lower court's judgement against the Montana School for the Deaf and Blind for wages due certain school employees. Damages and costs of litigation are estimated to be \$457,000 which will be paid out of the General Fund.

On July 24, 1995, the State Compensation Insurance Fund applied \$21,495,949 of surplus payroll tax collections that had accumulated in the Old Fund to defease a portion of the Series 1991 Payroll Tax Bonds issued by the State Board of Investments to pay unfunded liabilities of the Old Fund. The State Fund defeased \$20,880,000 of the 6.875 percent term bonds due on June 1, 2020.

On September 13, 1995, the Board of Housing (Housing Authority) issued \$88,000,000 in Single Family Program Bonds, Series 1995B. On October 16, 1995, a portion of the proceeds of these bonds will be used to optionally redeem \$40,660,000 of the 1979 series A bonds.

In September 1995, the Board of Regents of the Montana University System authorized the University of Montana to proceed with the planning for the issuance of Series C 1995 Revenue Bonds of which \$35,600,000 would be used for the acquisition, construction, repair, replacement, renovation, and improvement of certain facilities and properties at the University. Final authorization must be obtained from the Board of Regents prior to issuance of these bonds.

On October 3, 1995, the Board of Investments issued \$7,500,000 in Municipal Finance Consolidation Act Bonds for the INTERCAP Revolving Program.

On October 18, 1995, the State issued \$101,200,000 in Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes, Series 1995, due June 30, 1996. The proceeds of the Notes will provide cash to support expenditures from the general fund, pending the receipt of taxes and revenues, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996.

On October 19, 1995, the Montana Health Facility Authority (MHFA) issued \$5,650,000 in Health Care Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series A. The obligations issued by MHFA do not constitute a debt, liability, obligation or pledge of faith and credit of the State.